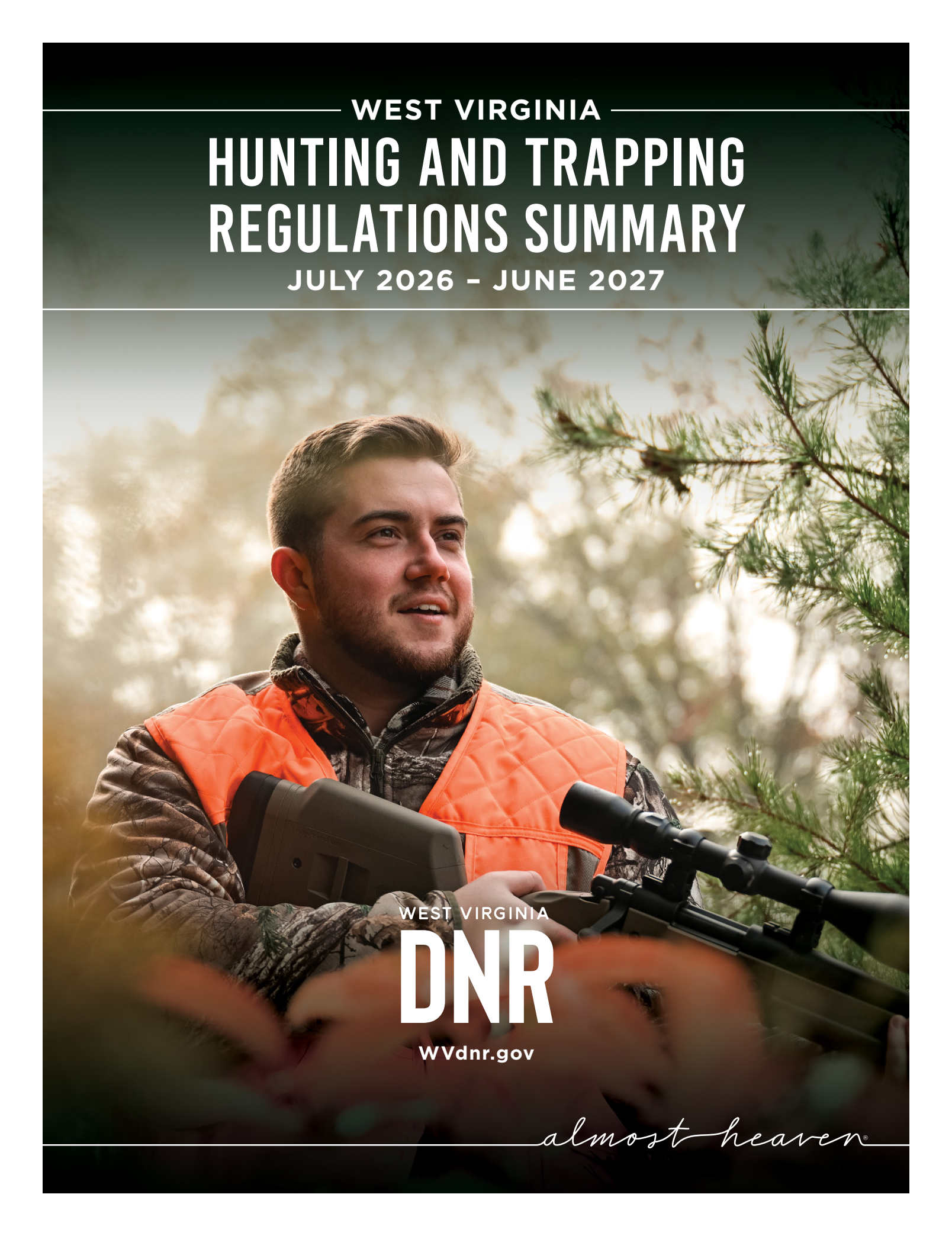




WEST VIRGINIA

HUNTING AND TRAPPING REGULATIONS SUMMARY

JULY 2026 - JUNE 2027

WEST VIRGINIA

DNR

WVdnr.gov

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FROM THE DIRECTOR

Greetings!

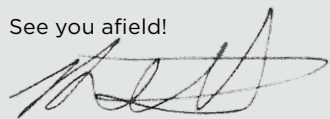
Preparations are underway for another outstanding hunting and trapping season in West Virginia. While big game hunting continues to attract significant interest, I encourage you to also take advantage of the excellent small game hunting available throughout the Mountain State.

For generations, hunters have developed their skills and passion for the outdoors by pursuing small game like squirrels and rabbits. Though often overlooked, these abundant opportunities provide an excellent way to introduce newcomers to our rich hunting heritage while creating lasting memories in the field.

I am pleased to share upcoming changes to our annual March Public Regulations Meetings. In 2026, WVDNR expanded opportunities for sportsmen, landowners, and outdoor enthusiasts to provide input on proposed hunting, trapping, and fishing regulations. Alongside open-house meetings at our six district offices, we will enhance outreach through email and social media, making it easier for everyone interested in wildlife management to participate in the regulatory process.

As you prepare for the season ahead, I encourage you to spend time afield and enjoy the remarkable natural resources and traditions that make West Virginia special. Thank you for your continued commitment to conservation, responsible stewardship, and our outdoor heritage.

See you afield!



Brett McMillion, DNR Director



DISTRICT OFFICES

Main Office - Charleston, WV 25305

State Capitol Complex, Building 4, 112 California Avenue

Wildlife Management – Steve Rauch (304) 558-6200

Law Enforcement – Lt. Col. David Trader (304) 558-6200

License Unit – Floyd Keeney (304) 558-6200

District 1 - Farmington, WV 26571

1110 Railroad Street (304) 825-6787

Wildlife Management – Thomas Pratt

Law Enforcement – Capt. Shane Duffield

District 2 - Romney, WV 26757

1 Depot Street (304) 822-3551

Wildlife Management – Chelsey Faller

Law Enforcement – Capt. Michael Lott

District 3 - French Creek, WV 26218

West Virginia State Wildlife Center (304) 924-6211
163 Wildlife Road

Wildlife Management – Kaylee Pollander

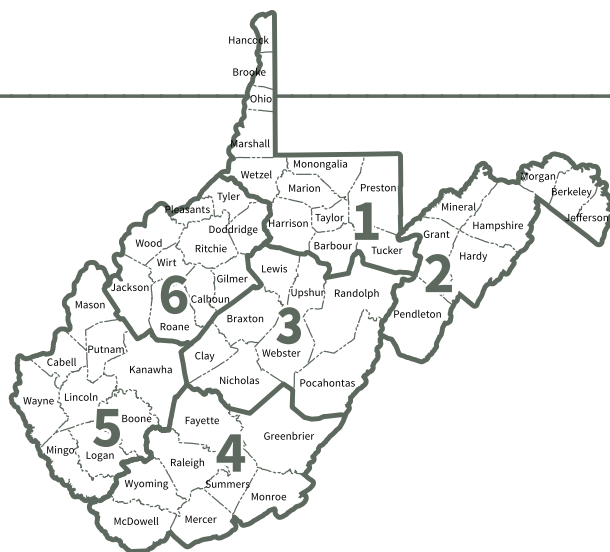
Law Enforcement – Capt. David James

District 4 - Beckley, WV 25801

2006 Robert C. Byrd Drive (304) 256-6947

Wildlife Management – Todd Dowdy

Law Enforcement – Capt. Christopher Lester



District 5 - Alum Creek, WV 25003

Forks of Coal State Natural Area (304) 756-1023
480 Forks of Coal Way

Wildlife Management – Taylor Wilcox

Law Enforcement – Capt. Dwayne A. Duffield

District 6 - Parkersburg, WV 26104

76 Conservation Way (304) 420-4550

Wildlife Management – Jerry Westfall

Law Enforcement – Capt. Danny L. Dolin

Operations Center - Elkins, WV 26241

738 Ward Road, P.O. Box 67 (304) 637-0245

Wildlife Management – Keith Krantz

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About this publication

This pamphlet is a summary of the applicable laws and regulations governing hunting and trapping in West Virginia. It is for informational purposes only and subject to change. It is created for your convenience and designed to provide simplified statements of the controlling law. However, nothing contained herein shall be read to preempt or supercede the laws themselves. Instead, the West Virginia Code and the West Virginia Code of State Rules are, at all times, the controlling laws, and if there is a conflict or a question, it is the West Virginia Code and West Virginia Code of State Rules which prevail. Both the West Virginia Code and the West Virginia Code of State Rules are available for review in the Director's Office and at the Division of Natural Resources District Offices. Copies of the Code may also be found at: <https://code.wvlegislature.gov>. Copies of the Code of State Rules can be obtained from the West Virginia Secretary of State.

Landowner - Sportsmen Relations

West Virginia hunters and trappers are indebted to local landowners throughout the state. Without their consent and generosity, hunting and trapping would be restricted to state and federal lands. The opportunity for continued use of private property is largely dependent upon sportsmens' and womens' attitudes and conduct.

Statement of Policy Relative to Public Use of Facilities

It is the policy of the Division of Natural Resources to provide its facilities, accommodations, services and programs to all persons. Complaints should be mailed to: Director, Division of Natural Resources, State Capitol Complex, Building 4, 112 California Avenue, Charleston, WV 25305, or to the Office of Human Resources, U.S. Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, Hadley, MA 01035-9589. The Division of Natural Resources is an equal opportunity employer.

Statement of Policy Relative to Discrimination

This program receives Federal financial assistance from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Under Title VI of the 1964 Civil Rights Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, the U.S. Department of the Interior prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, sex, or disability. If you believe that you have been discriminated against in any program, activity or facility, or if you need more information, please write to: Office of Diversity, Inclusion and Civil Rights, Department of the Interior, 1849 C Street, NW, Washington, D.C. 20240.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES 2026-2027

1. Season dates and open counties for antlerless deer, fall wild turkey and black bear hunting seasons have changed. See appropriate sections for details.
2. Bear and turkey may be taken with any weapons that are legal during the statewide Mountaineer Heritage Season within Logan, McDowell, Mingo and Wyoming counties (see page 32).
3. Youth and Class Q permit holders may take one antlered deer during the Special Split Youth and Class Q Seasons (see page 27).
4. Detailed chronic wasting disease question and answer information has moved online to WVDnr.gov (see page 12).



Patrick Morrissey, Governor
State of West Virginia

Brett McMillion, Director
Division of Natural Resources

Paul Johansen, Chief
Wildlife Resources Section

Col. Bobby L. Cales, Chief
Law Enforcement Section

Commissioners

Vincent Cava
District 1

Jeffrey S. Bowers
District 2

Lauren Winans
District 3

Vips Alpizar
District 4

James M. Bailey
District 5

Janet Hamric Hodge
District 6

LeFlore Barbour Lucas
At Large



DNRpolice



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 WildlifeWV
 wvdnr

2026-2027 SEASONS, DATES AND LIMITS

Species	Opening Date	Closing Date	Daily Bag Limit	Possession Limit	Season Limit
*Wild Boar (Gun) Split Season	October 24 February 5	October 31 February 7	1		
*Wild Boar (Archery and Crossbow) Split Season	September 26 February 5	December 31 February 7			
*Deer (Buck Firearms)	November 23	December 6	See pages 13-18.		
*Deer (Archery and Crossbow)	September 26	December 31			
*Deer (Antlerless) Split Season (Selected Counties)	October 22	October 25			
	November 23	December 6			
	December 10	December 13			
*Deer (Muzzleloader)	December 28	December 31			
*Deer (Youth/Class Q/Class XS)	December 14	December 20	See page 27.		
Split Seasons (see page 27)	October 17 December 26	October 18 December 27			
*Deer, Bear and Turkey (Winter 2027 - Mountaineer Heritage - see page 32)	January 14	January 17	See page 32. 1 deer 1 bear 1 turkey		
*Bear (Archery and Crossbow)	September 26	December 31	See pages 33-39. 1 2 2		
*Bear (Gun) (Selected Counties)	August 29	September 7			
	September 19	September 25			
	October 3	October 9			
	October 22	October 25			
	November 23	December 6			
	December 7	December 31			
*Bear (Youth/Class Q/Class XS - see page 34) Split Season	September 12 October 17	September 13 October 18	1		
*Turkey (Fall) Split Season (Selected Counties - see page 41)	October 10 October 26 October 26	October 18 November 1 November 15			
*Turkey (Spring 2027 - Bearded Only)	April 19	May 23			
*Turkey (2027 Youth Season - see page 42)	April 17	April 18	1	2	2
Squirrel (Gray, Black, Albino and Fox)	September 12	February 28	6	24	None
Squirrel (Youth Season - see page 40)	September 5	September 6	6	12	12
Ruffed Grouse	October 17	February 28	4	16	None
Bobwhite Quail (Bobwhite quail hunting closed on Tomblin WMA)	November 7	January 2	3	9	None
Cottontail Rabbit	November 7	February 28	5	20	None
Snowshoe or Varying Hare	November 7	February 28	2	8	None
Ring-necked Pheasant (cock birds only)	November 7	January 2	2	2	None
Hillcrest WMA (cock birds only)	November 14	December 5	1	1	None
Raccoon (Hunting) The bag limit of 4 is four the 24-hour period of 6 a.m. to 6 a.m.	October 17	February 28	4	None	None
Raccoon (Trapping)	November 7	February 28	None		
Red Fox, Gray Fox (Hunting and Trapping)	November 7	February 28	None		
Red Fox, Gray Fox (Hunting - night with artificial light/night vision technology - see page 1)	January 1	February 28			
*Bobcat (Hunting and Trapping)	November 7	February 28	3		
Mink, Muskrat (Trapping)	November 7	February 28	None		
*Fisher (Trapping)	November 7	January 31	1		
*Beaver (Trapping)	November 7	March 31	None		
*Otter (Trapping)	November 7	February 28	1		
Crow - Split Season Nuisance Crows: crows committing depredations upon ornamental or shade trees, agricultural crops, home gardens, livestock, or wildlife, or when concentrated so as to constitute a health hazard and or other nuisance may be killed at any time.	October 1	November 21	None		
	January 1	March 6			
Coyote (Hunting)**	Year-round		None		
Skunk, Opossum, Woodchuck, Weasel, English Sparrow, European Starling and Pigeon (Hunting)	Year-round		None		
Skunk, Opossum, Coyote and Weasel (Trapping)	November 7	February 28			
Elk, Porcupine, Song and Insectivorous Birds, Owls, Hawks, Falcons and Eagles			No Open Season		
Geese, Ducks, Mourning Doves, Gallinules, Rails, Woodcock and Common Snipe		Harvest Information Program (HIP) registration required. See WVDNR Migratory Bird Hunting Regulations available in August.			
*Must be electronically registered (checked). See page 6 for instructions on the electronic registration process. **See page 6 for additional regulations.					

Prohibitions

It is illegal to:

- hunt in state parks (except as otherwise designated), in safety zones in state forests or wildlife management areas and in Harpers Ferry National Historical Park.
- shoot, hunt or trap upon the fenced, enclosed, purple paint marked or posted lands of another person without having in possession written permission from the landowner.
- carry an uncased or loaded firearm in the woods of this state or in state parks, state forests, state wildlife management areas or state rail trails, except during open firearms hunting seasons where hunting is lawful. It is legal to hunt unprotected species of wild animals, wild birds and migratory game birds during the open season in fields, waters and marshes of the state where hunting is lawful.
- hunt with a fully automatic firearm.
- hunt small game in counties having a buck firearms season during the first three days of this season. It is legal to hunt waterfowl during this period on lakes, rivers and waterways during the open waterfowl season, to hunt bear in specified counties, and to hunt coyotes.
- hunt deer, bear or boar between 1/2 hour after sunset and 1/2 hour before sunrise or with an electronic call.
- be afield with a gun or air rifle and bow, or with a gun or air rifle and any arrow at the same time, except that persons who aren't prohibited from possessing firearms under state or federal law may carry a firearm for self-defense only. The exception does not apply to an uncased rifle or shotgun carried specifically in state park or state forest recreational facilities and marked trails within state park or state forest borders.
- shoot a firearm within 500 feet of a school, church or dwelling, or on or near a park; provided, a resident or guest of a dwelling may shoot a firearm within 500 feet of the dwelling where the person lives, if all residents of the dwelling consent and no other dwellings are within 500 feet.
- hunt while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substance or any other drug.
- to hunt on public land or the lands of another for anyone under the age of 15, unless accompanied by a licensed adult, at least 18 years of age, who remains near enough to render advice and assistance (see exception for youth seasons pages 27, 34, 40 and 42).
- hunt or fish with a modified bow without a special permit issued by the Director.
- get out of a motor vehicle along a public road and shoot a bow, crossbow, firearm or air rifle unless you are at least 25 yards from the vehicle.
- shoot at any wild bird or animal unless it is plainly visible.
- shoot at a deer or boar while it is in water.
- hunt or conduct hunts for a fee when the person is not physically present in the same location as the wildlife being hunted within West Virginia.
- smoke wildlife from its den or place of refuge except as provided by law or regulation.
- use or attempt to use any artificial light or any night vision technology, including image intensification, thermal imaging or active illumination while hunting, locating, attracting, taking, killing or trapping wild birds or wild animals. However, artificial lights or night vision technology, including image intensification, thermal imaging or active illumination, may be used for taking coyote, fox, raccoon, skunk and opossum. Coyotes and fox may be hunted using any color artificial light in open season (see pages IV and 6).
- catch, kill or attempt to do so by seine, net, bait, trap, deadfall, snare or like device, any bear, game bird, protected bird or protected mammal or wild boar.
- bait or feed bear at any time.
- hunt, harass or shoot at wild animals or wild birds from an airborne conveyance, a drone or other unmanned aircraft (including the use of a drone or unmanned aircraft to drive or herd any wild bird or wild animal for the purpose of hunting, trapping, wounding, harassing, transporting or killing), from a vehicle or other land conveyance, from a motor-driven water conveyance or from or across a public road, unless specifically authorized to do so by law or regulation. You may shoot from a motorized watercraft if the motor has been completely shut off and progress from the motor has ceased.
- use poisons, chemicals or explosives in taking any furbearing animal, game animal, game bird or protected song and insectivorous bird, provided that groundhogs may be controlled on private land by landowners, their resident children or resident parents or a resident tenant from April 1-September 30.
- dispose of animal carcasses by dumping them along any public road or highway or on public or private property.
- bait or feed any wildlife on public land at any time.
- cause through carelessness, neglect or otherwise to let edible portion of any big game go to waste needlessly (see page 8).
- take any big game and detach or remove from the carcass the head, hide, antlers, tusks, paws, claws, gallbladder, teeth, beards or spurs only and leave the carcass to waste. Any person that is unable to locate the carcass of any lawfully taken big game prior to spoilage or decay may remove those parts, provided the big game is registered and shall count towards the daily and seasonal bag and possession limits.
- hunt small game with an air rifle of less than .22 caliber.
- shoot an arrow across any public highway.
- to shoot or discharge any firearms across or in any public road in this state at any time.

GENERAL REGULATIONS

Trapping Regulations

A trap is a device used to catch and hold animals and includes box or cage traps, body gripping or killer-type traps, foot or leghold traps, encapsulating traps and snares.

No traps shall be set before 8 a.m. on the first day of the season or either set or left set after noon on the last day of the season.

All traps must be checked and tended daily.

Nonresidents must possess a valid Class E, XXJ, AAH or AAHJ license and a CS/LE stamp, or Class E-L license to trap.

All traps used for taking furbearing animals shall be marked with a durable plate or tag attached to the snare, trap or trap chain bearing the owner's name and address or the owner's DNR ID number.

A person who unintentionally traps and kills more than the season bag limit shall deliver excess animals to a Natural Resources Police officer within 24 hours.

West Virginia trappers will be allowed to sell live foxes to hound coursing pens in West Virginia during the 2026-2027 trapping season. All foxes used in hound coursing pens must be live-trapped in the county in which the pen is located.

The trapping of furbearing animals is permitted during the first three days of buck firearms season.

Foot snares are legal when the snare loop:

1. does not exceed 6 1/2 inches in diameter.
2. is at ground level.
3. is horizontal to ground level.

Terrestrial body-gripping snares are legal when the snare:

1. has a relaxing-type lock system with either a breaking point of 350 pounds or less or a stop with a minimum loop diameter of at least 2 inches.
2. is set with an average loop diameter not greater than 15 inches.
3. is anchored at the trap site.

REGULATIONS PUBLIC MEETINGS

WVDNR staff will be available to discuss and take public comments for proposed 2027-2028 regulations.

March 9, 2027

Alum Creek, Elkins and Farmington

March 11, 2027

Beckley, Parkersburg and Romney

RIVER OTTER CARCASSES REWARD – \$20

Trappers who turn in legally registered and skinned river otter carcasses to a DNR district office or local DNR official will receive a \$20 gift card for each usable carcass. Data collected will be used to monitor otter populations and guide management decisions.

It is illegal to:

- have in possession an untagged beaver, bobcat, otter or fisher pelt or parts thereof after 30 days following the close of the respective season.
- set deadfalls for taking wildlife.
- set or use foothold traps with an open inside jaw spread of more than 6 1/2 inches unless the trap is used underwater.
- set traps or trapping devices in human foot trails or livestock paths.
- set body-gripping or killer-type traps with an inside jaw spread of more than 5 inches, as measured between striking surfaces of jaws when set for terrestrial trapping. These types of traps may be used in water sets.
- set spring pole snares.
- use exposed animal or bird carcasses or parts thereof to bait an animal to a trap set that is within 50 feet of the carcass. Animal or bird carcasses or parts thereof that are completely covered and concealed from sight may be used as a lure at the immediate trap site.
- trap on fenced, enclosed, purple paint marked or posted lands of another person without written permission of the landowner.
- take beaver, fisher, mink, otter or muskrat by any means other than by trap.
- use steel jaw traps with any teeth on or attached to them.
- set a trap, trapset or snare upon a tree, post or other natural or man-made object at any point more than 3 linear feet from the surface of the earth (whether such surface is water, soil or rock) measured at right angle from the surface to the trap or trapset. Traps may be set on natural earthen mounds, such as ant hills or muskrat houses, constructed without human assistance.
- set traps during the month of March for the taking of beaver unless the traps are in water.
- trap in state parks, in safety zones located in state forests and wildlife management areas, in Harpers Ferry NHP and on National Park Service land within the New River Gorge National Park and Preserve.
- trap on a WMA or State Forest without obtaining a permit from the District Wildlife Biologist.

Trapping Regulations continued

Tagging and Shipping Requirements

Bobcat hunters and trappers and otter trappers should obtain a plastic Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species (CITES) seal for each bobcat and/or otter pelt they plan to sell out of state. All bobcat and/or otter pelts being sold by licensed fur dealers must have a CITES seal from the state where the animal was harvested before being sold on the international market. CITES seals are only available at DNR offices (see inside front cover).

Trappers shall electronically register beaver, bobcat, otter and fisher pelts within 30 days after the close of the respective trapping season. The DNR-issued 13-digit game check confirmation number shall be recorded in writing with the trapper's name and address or on a field tag and shall be attached and remain attached to each beaver, bobcat, otter and fisher pelt until it has been sold, tanned, processed into commercial fur or mounted.

A person may not ship or transport any raw furs, pelts, skins, carcasses, carcass parts, including skulls, claws and bones, and urine of wild furbearers outside of the state unless such shipment has a special shipping tag visibly attached. Shipping tags must be obtained from the DNR. One part shall be attached to the outside of the package or container and the other part completed and returned to the DNR within 24 hours of shipping furs out of state.

The dealer or buyer of raw furs, pelts, skins, carcasses, carcass parts, including skulls, claws and bones, and urine of furbearers in this state shall have a dealer's license and shall submit to the Director a completed fur dealer transaction report issued by the Division.

Air Rifle Hunting

Any person lawfully entitled to hunt may hunt with an air rifle during small game and big game firearm seasons. Air rifles may only be used for deer hunting in counties open to firearm deer hunting. Any person hunting with an air rifle is subject to all other rifle and firearm hunting regulations (see pages 1), except that air rifles may be discharged within 500 feet of a dwelling. For more information about individual seasons, go to the sections for deer, bear, turkey and wild boar hunting.

Archery and Crossbow Regulations

Nonresident bow and crossbow hunters, except holders of Class DT licenses, must possess a Class EE license and Class CS/LE and DS stamps or Class EE-L license to hunt bear.

For bow fishing, a resident or nonresident is required to have a valid fishing license.

A bow may be substituted for a firearm during any season for which firearms are legal except during the muzzleloader deer season. A crossbow may be substituted for a firearm during established big game firearms seasons except for muzzleloader season. In addition, a crossbow cannot be used to hunt deer in Logan, McDowell, Mingo or Wyoming counties unless you have a Class Y permit.

A Class Y permit allows a qualified, physically challenged person to hunt with a crossbow during designated archery seasons.

It is illegal to:

- have a gun and bow afield together, except that persons who aren't prohibited from possessing firearms under state or federal law may carry a firearm for self-defense only.
- hunt with a crossbow that does not have:
 - » a draw weight of at least 125 pounds.
 - » a working safety.
 - » bolts and arrows at least 16 inches long, including the insert and the nock.
 - » broadheads with at least two sharp-cutting edges at least 3/4-inch wide.
- hunt with a crossbow with more than one string.
- hunt wild turkey, bear, deer or boar with arrows with broadheads having less than two sharp-cutting edges, measuring less than 3/4 of an inch in width.
- use an arrow with an explosive, drug-laced or poisoned head or shaft.
- use dogs while bow hunting for black bear except when the use of dogs is legal during the bear firearms season (this exception is only for counties where dogs are legal – see page 39). See page 5 for exception when tracking a mortally wounded bear.
- hunt with a locking device capable of holding a bow at full draw, except with a modified bow permit issued by the Director.
- bow hunt on state parks (except as otherwise designated), Harpers Ferry NHP, and safety zones on state forests and wildlife management areas. All wildlife refuges are appropriately posted.
- use bow or crossbow on Bright McCausland Homestead WMA.
- be afield with an air rifle and bow, or with an air rifle or any arrow at the same time.
- hunt with an air bow at any time.

Tagging and Transporting

For specific tagging and transporting requirements, refer to the deer, bear, wild turkey, wild boar and trapping sections.

No persons may transport or possess wildlife killed by another hunter, unless the wildlife or parts thereof is accompanied by a paper tag filled out legibly bearing the signature, address, date of kill, hunting license number (if required) and the 13-digit game check confirmation number (if required) of the hunter who killed the wildlife. The tag shall also specify the species and quantity of wildlife.

Handgun Laws and Regulations

A person who is not prohibited from possessing firearms by state or federal law may carry a firearm for self-defense.

It is lawful to hunt woodchuck in the open fields with a pistol or revolver.

A revolver or pistol may be used only during established hunting seasons.

It is illegal to:

- take migratory game birds with a pistol.
- hunt bear, deer or wild boar with a revolver or pistol with a barrel less than 4 inches in length and using a straight-walled case of less than .357 magnum cartridge or a bottle-necked case of less than .24 caliber.
- hunt bear, deer or wild boar with a muzzleloading pistol of less than .38 caliber.

Apprentice Hunting and Trapping Licenses Information (Class AH, AHJ, AAH and AAHJ)

Persons who wish to try hunting and/or trapping without taking a hunter education course may buy an Apprentice Hunting License at any license agent or WVdnr.gov (see page 44). The AHJ and AAHJ licenses include fishing privileges.

No one who has ever had a base hunting license may buy the Apprentice License. A hunter who buys the Apprentice Hunting License must possess all other required documentation and stamps while hunting and must be accompanied and directly supervised by a licensed adult. See pages 45-47 for license fees.

When Licenses or Permits are not Required

1. Resident landowners or their resident children or their resident parents or resident tenants of such land, may hunt or trap on their own land without a license during open seasons (see definition of resident landowner privileges on page 8).
2. Residents honorably discharged from the U.S. armed forces receiving total permanent service connected disability benefits or former prisoners of war as determined by the Veterans Administration or resident disabled veterans who qualify under West Virginia § Code 17A-10-8 and are exempted from payment of a motor vehicle registration fee by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, may apply for a Disabled Veterans and Former Prisoner of War License (Class V) which when in possession provides the recipient the same privileges as someone who possesses the following: AB-O-L and DS. Should this resident desire the privileges contained within the Class N, RB, RG or RM, those stamps must be purchased separately. This Class V license is forfeited should the license holder's state residency change.
3. Ohio residents who carry valid Ohio hunting licenses may hunt waterfowl on the Ohio River and its embayments or tributaries to points identified by the Director or from the West Virginia banks of said river without obtaining West Virginia licenses. West Virginia residents who carry valid West Virginia hunting licenses may hunt waterfowl on Ohio River embayments or tributaries to designated points in Ohio or from the river's banks in Ohio without obtaining Ohio licenses. Ohio hunting laws apply to residents of Ohio and West Virginia while hunting or fishing from Ohio banks or in Ohio embayment areas. West Virginia hunting laws apply to residents of Ohio and West Virginia while hunting or fishing on the Ohio River proper or from West Virginia banks and embayment areas.
4. Residents 65 or older who reached that age before Jan. 1, 2012 (those born before Jan. 1, 1947), do not need a license to hunt or trap, but must carry a West Virginia driver's license or West Virginia photo ID card issued by the Division of Motor Vehicles (see page 45). Residents who have not reached their 15th birthday may hunt without a license but they must be accompanied by a licensed adult who remains near enough to the youth to render advice and assistance. Some additional stamps may be required (see pages 9 and 44).
5. West Virginia residents on active duty in the U.S. armed forces, while on military leave, may hunt or trap in season without obtaining a license. Leave papers shall be carried while hunting or trapping. Some additional hunting stamps may be required (see pages 9 and 44).
6. Persons participating in field trials permitted by the Director shall not be required to have a hunting license.
7. Persons under 16 years of age do not need a migratory waterfowl stamp.

THE USE OF A LEASHED DOG OR UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLES FOR TRACKING MORTALLY WOUNDED DEER, BEAR, WILD TURKEY OR WILD BOAR (W.VA. CODE 20-2-5J)

- A hunter may use one (1) leashed dog or an unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV) for tracking and locating a mortally wounded deer, bear, wild turkey or wild boar. A hunter is also permitted to use a dog handler and/or a licensed UAV operator for tracking and locating a mortally wounded deer, bear, wild turkey or wild boar. The hunter or handler may only use one leashed dog at a time for tracking and must always maintain physical control of the dog. If a hunter is using a dog handler, the hunter may not handle additional dogs for the handler.
- A person tracking a mortally wounded deer, bear, wild turkey or wild boar with a dog or UAV is hunting and is subject to all applicable laws and rules and must have a valid hunting license (see pages 9-10, 33, 40 and 43), unless exempt from licensing requirements (see page 4).
- The hunter must accompany the dog handler unless he or she is physically unable to track or locate the mortally wounded game. The dog handler may kill the mortally wounded animal if the hunter is physically unable to accompany the handler. The deer, bear, wild turkey or wild boar counts towards the hunter's bag limit.
- Any dog handler or UAV operator providing tracking services for profit must be licensed as an outfitter or guide.

Mandatory Hunter Education and Identification Requirement

No base hunting license may be issued to a person born on or after January 1, 1975, (exemption – see Apprentice Hunting and Trapping Licenses information on previous page) unless the person presents to the license agent: a certificate of satisfactory completion of a Hunter Education Course approved by the Hunter Education Association or the Director, or the previous year's resident or nonresident West Virginia hunting license bearing certification, or attests to certification when purchasing a license online. Persons who purchase a lifetime hunting license before their 15th birthday must complete a certified hunter education course before hunting with the license. However, he or she may utilize his or her lifetime hunting license (similar to an apprentice license) by hunting with a licensed adult until completing the required certified hunter education course.

A person may not legally hunt unless he/she has on his/her person: a) the proper licenses, stamps or permits or other proof that a valid license has been issued b) a state-issued photo ID and c) proof of hunter safety certification (if required).

Hunters who have lost their hunter education card may obtain a duplicate from their local DNR District Law Enforcement Office. Applications for duplicate cards are available at license agents or WVdnr.gov. The fee is \$10.

Hunter Education Classes Information

Contact the WVDNR District Office that covers the county in which you live or visit wvhuntered.com or WVdnr.gov and look for the Hunter Education class search link.

Dog Training

Persons training dogs shall not have a firearm or other implement for taking wildlife in their possession during closed seasons on wild animals and birds, except that a person, who is not prohibited from possessing firearms under state or federal law, may carry a firearm for self-defense purposes only. Persons participating in dog training must have a hunting license.

A person may not be guilty of hunting without permission just because their dog, without their direction or encouragement, travels onto another person's land where they do not have permission to hunt, provided no game is taken, livestock or domestic animals are killed or damage is done to that property. Dogs may not be retrieved without the landowner's permission.

No person, other than the owner of a registered dog, may remove a tag, collar or other identifying apparel, nor remove or turn off a radio transmitting collar without the permission of the owner unless it is necessary to prevent or treat an injury to the dog, or is done by a law enforcement officer for law enforcement purposes.

Residents may train dogs and hold field trials on wild animals and birds on public lands or on private land with the landowner's written permission at any time. Dogs may not be trained on deer or wild turkey.

Nonresidents may train dogs during any open small game hunting season. If their state offers West Virginia hunters reciprocal dog training privileges, they may train dogs on raccoons from August 15 to the end of February. See additional information on bear dog training on page 34.

Bird Dog Training

A permit may be obtained to train dogs on pigeons or commercially pen-raised quail on private land if training during a closed season and if birds are being killed.

GENERAL REGULATIONS

Coyote Hunting Regulations

Coyotes may be hunted year-round.

Hunting coyotes at night using any color artificial light or night vision technology, including image intensification, thermal imaging or active illumination, is permitted from Jan. 1-Dec. 31. From Sept. 1-Dec. 31, hunting coyotes at night is only permitted on private property with written consent of the landowner.

Air rifles for coyote hunting must be at least .22 caliber.

During closed small game seasons, coyotes may only be hunted in open fields.

Electronic calls are legal.

There is no daily, annual or season bag limit on coyotes.

Sunday Hunting

Sunday hunting is legal statewide on private land with written permission from the landowner, and it is lawful to hunt throughout the State of West Virginia on federal land where hunting is permitted, in a state forest, on land owned or leased by the state for wildlife purposes and on land managed by the state for wildlife purposes pursuant to a cooperative agreement.

WEST VIRGINIA GAMECHECK

All hunters must check big game electronically in one of three ways:

- online at WVdnr.gov
- at a license agent
- by calling 844-WVcheck (844-982-4325)

You must have your DNR ID number (which is valid for your lifetime) to successfully check big game, beaver, otter, fisher and bobcat.

Tip: Hunters and trappers need to make sure their DNR ID account is updated with current information and password before going afield.

Reminder: Youth hunters, even if exempt from purchasing a license, are required to report game checks on their own account.

REPORTING NATURAL RESOURCES LAW VIOLATIONS

In progress – dial 911

Not in progress – call your DNR District Law Enforcement Office during normal operating hours or report online at WVdnr.gov/law-enforcement/report-a-natural-resources-crime/. You also may report on [Facebook.com/DNRpolice](https://www.facebook.com/DNRpolice).

1. Observe and write down all of the information concerning the violation.
2. Don't confront the violator.
3. Contact a local Natural Resources Police Officer or county communication center as soon as possible.

**Become involved in protecting your sport.
Be willing to testify in court.**

Point System for Hunting Violations

Persons found guilty of negligent shooting of humans or livestock will have their hunting licenses revoked for five years.

For bear hunting violation penalties, see page 34.

Persons making false application for a license will have their license privileges revoked for one year.

Points are assigned for other hunting violations:

- 10 points** use of spotlight with firearms or other implement or illegally killing a bear.
- 6 points** illegal possession or sale of wildlife or illegally killing deer, wild boar, or turkey.
- 6 points** hunting from a motor vehicle.
- 4 points** all other hunting violations.

When a person accumulates 10 or more hunting and/or fishing violation points combined, his/her licenses will be revoked for a period of two years.

Points will be removed on the second anniversary or upon restoration of the license.

License revocations may be made for cause, pursuant to statutory authority, or through an accumulation of points. Not all instances leading to revocation are listed herein. For more information, please see the West Virginia Code and the Code of State Rules.

National Forests

National Forests are managed under cooperative agreement with the U.S. Forest Service.

Each wildlife management area on the national forests contains interspersed private land within its boundaries. Written permission is required on all private land before hunting, fishing or trapping.

Contact each National Forest for current rules and regulations applicable to the WMA areas.

George Washington and Jefferson National Forests

5162 Valleypointe Parkway • Roanoke, VA 24019
(540) 265-5100 • Toll Free: 1-888-265-0019
fs.usda.gov/gwj

Monongahela National Forest

200 Sycamore Street • Elkins, WV 26241
Voice and TDD: (304) 636-1800
fs.usda.gov/mnf

National Wildlife Refuges

A free refuge hunting permit is required to hunt on the National Wildlife Refuges in West Virginia. Please contact the appropriate National Wildlife Refuge to obtain a permit and for rules and regulations governing hunting and fishing:

Ohio River Islands National Wildlife Refuge

3982 Waverly Road • Williamstown, WV 26187
(304) 375-2923 • www.fws.gov/refuge/ohio_river_islands

Canaan Valley National Wildlife Refuge

6263 Appalachian Highway • Davis, WV 26260
(304) 866-3858 • www.fws.gov/refuge/canaan_valley

National Park Service Lands

Hunting is permitted on New River Gorge National Preserve, but is prohibited on New River Gorge National Park. Trapping is not permitted on New River Gorge National Park and Preserve, but is permitted on Gauley River National Recreation Area. Participants must possess the proper licenses/stamps and follow the regulations established by the WVDNR. Please observe no hunting areas, such as safety zones and private property. Tree stands left more than 24 hours will be removed. Feeding and baiting of wildlife, and use of ATVs/UTVs are not permitted on NPS property. Please respect the numerous private landowners' properties within the areas.

All lands are managed out of the Glen Jean headquarters.
P.O. Box 246 • Glen Jean, WV 25846 • (304) 465-0508

New River Gorge National Park and Preserve

www.nps.gov/neri/planyourvisit/hunting.htm

Gauley River National Recreation Area

www.nps.gov/gari/index.htm

Wildlife Management Areas and State Forests

Rules and regulations governing hunting and trapping on state owned and leased lands are the same as on adjacent private lands except as follows:

1. Trapping permit, available from District Wildlife Biologist, required on all areas.
2. It is illegal to bait or feed any wildlife on public land at any time.
3. Beech Fork Lake, Bluestone Lake, Bright McCausland Homestead, Burnsville Lake, Green Bottom, Fox Forest, Little Kanawha River, McClintic and Tomblin WMAs and Calvin Price and Coopers Rock State Forests — hunting is permitted only in accordance with special rules established for the area (see pages 3, 11, 16-18, 24, 26, 31 and 34).
4. WMAs and state forests with camping areas require a permit and fee (see regulations posted at each area).
5. Camping is lawful only in designated areas.
6. Use of ATVs and snowmobiles is prohibited. All-Terrain Vehicle (ATV) means any motor vehicle designed for off-road use not subject to the vehicle registration requirements of Chapter 17A of the West Virginia Code.
7. Driving a vehicle, ATV, or snowmobile so as to harass or chase wildlife is prohibited.
8. Maximum speed limit for vehicles on WMAs and state forests is 30 miles per hour, unless otherwise posted. All traffic signs and directions must be observed.
9. Driving a vehicle in a manner that creates a nuisance to other persons by repetitive or continuous cruising is prohibited.
10. Class Q hunting access is available on some WMAs. Contact the District Wildlife Biologist for more information or check online at WVDnr.gov under Disability Services.
11. Only portable tree stands may be used on public lands.
12. Target practice only permitted on designated public shooting ranges.
13. Bikes, including e-bikes, are permitted on roads open to public vehicular travel and on roads designated by signage for their use on WMAs and are permitted on all roads on state forests unless prohibited by signage for their use.



DEFINITIONS OF TERMS USED

Bait: any feed or edible enticement or any non-edible facsimile of an edible enticement. See page 33 for bait restrictions specific to bear.

Baiting: the direct or indirect placing or exposing of bait so as to attract or entice wildlife to an area where hunters are attempting to take them. An area is considered to be baited for 10 days after bait is removed.

Big Game: black bear, deer, wild turkey and wild boar.

Bow: a longbow, recurve bow, or compound bow that is hand-drawn, hand-held and held at full draw without the aid of any mechanical device. Triggering devices or release aids are legal.

Concurrent hunting: hunting of the same and/or other species during a legally prescribed season.

Crossbow: a device consisting of a bow fixed transversely on a stock, the string of which is released by a trigger mechanism and propels a bolt.

Edible portion of big game: one or more of the following; (1) the meat of the front quarters to the knee; (2) the meat of the hind-quarters to the hock; or (3) the meat along the backbone between the front quarter and hind quarters. The edible portion of a wild turkey is the breast meat only.

Hunt: to chase, catch or take wild birds or animals.

Licensed adult: an individual who has attained the age of 18 years and possesses a valid West Virginia hunting and trapping license or is exempt from having to purchase a West Virginia hunting and trapping license.

Life-threatening condition: a terminal condition or illness that according to current diagnosis has a high probability of death within two years even with treatment with an existing generally accepted protocol.

Modified bow: a longbow, recurve bow, or compound bow that has been modified to hold the bow at full draw to accommodate a physical impairment of the user.

Nonresident: person who does not meet the requirements of a resident.

Possession limit: game taken in West Virginia that is in any way under the hunter's control. Example: the total of all game in a car, truck, home freezer, commercial food locker, or any other storage place.

Private lands: lands owned by an individual(s), partnership, heirship, club, organization or company and/or not qualifying as public land.

Protected: no open season. Hunting at any time shall be illegal for protected wildlife.

Public lands: lands owned, leased, licensed, managed under cooperative agreement with or under the control of the WVDNR for wildlife management purposes.

Resident: a person who has been a domiciled resident continuously in West Virginia for 30 consecutive days or more immediately prior to the date of application for a license or permit. This includes members of the U.S. armed forces stationed outside the state who were West Virginia residents at the time of entry into the service and full-time students of a college or university of this state. Non-resident, full-time students of any West Virginia college or university are eligible to purchase lifetime licenses. Absentee ownership of land in West Virginia does not constitute legal residence.

Resident landowner privileges: apply to West Virginia residents who own land in West Virginia, their resident children and resident parents, or resident tenants when hunting or trapping on their own land. Resident tenants must permanently live on the land.

Small Game: all game and furbearing animals and game birds except big game

DEER GENERAL REGULATIONS

Resident Deer Hunting License Privileges

Annual Classes X, X3, XP, XP3, XJ, and AHJ, Lifetime Classes A-L, AB-L, and XS*, A+CS, AH+CS, Military, Disabled Veteran, former POW, Senior Citizen and Underage:

entitles a hunter to take one deer during the archery or crossbow seasons, one antlered deer during the buck firearms season and one deer during the muzzleloader season.

*Class XS License holders refer to page 27.

Additional stamps must be purchased:

- to hunt an additional antlered deer in the buck firearms season: Class RG
- to hunt an additional deer during the archery or crossbow seasons: Class RB
- to hunt antlerless deer in antlerless season: Class N
- to hunt an additional deer in muzzleloader season: Class RM

Annual Class ES, A and AH (must also have a Class CS):

entitles the hunter to hunt one antlered deer during the buck firearms season.

Additional stamps must be purchased:

- to hunt an additional antlered deer in the buck firearms season: Class RG
- to hunt deer during the archery or crossbow seasons: Class BG
- to hunt an additional deer during the archery or crossbow seasons: Class RB
- to hunt deer in muzzleloader season: Class BG
- to hunt an additional deer in muzzleloader season: Class RM
- to hunt antlerless deer in antlerless season: Class N

Resident Landowner Privileges

West Virginia resident landowners may hunt on their own land without obtaining a license. See definition of resident landowner privileges on page 8.

A resident landowner hunting on his/her own land without a license can take the same number of deer as a licensed hunter. A hunter (licensee or landowner) cannot take more than the number of deer allowed in the respective seasons.



Resident and Nonresident License Privileges with a Class DT Special Hunting and Fishing License for Persons with a Life-Threatening Condition

A resident or nonresident under age 21 who qualifies for and obtains a Class DT license, may hunt for and take the legal number of deer allowed in each season in compliance with county and statewide regulations without purchasing or otherwise obtaining any additional licenses or stamps, providing the Class DT license holder and assistant abides by all other pertinent laws and regulations. Class DT license holders must be accompanied by a parent, guardian, or with written consent of the parent or guardian, or any other competent licensed adult 21 years of age or older.

STATE PARK DEER SEASONS

Information available July 1 at the WVDNR website, District offices and State Parks. Application process will be online at WVdnr.gov. Lottery applications are accepted at WVhunt.com, beginning on July 15.

Beech Fork State Park

November 9-11 and November 16-18, 2026

Pipestem Resort State Park

November 11-13 and November 16-18, 2026

Stonewall Resort State Park

November 2-4, November 9-11 and November 16-18, 2026

Twin Falls Resort State Park

November 9-11, 2026

DEER GENERAL REGULATIONS

Nonresident License Privileges

Nonresidents (ages 8 through 17) who have satisfactorily completed a Hunter Education Course may purchase a Class XXJ license or AAHJ license (without the training) and a Class CS/LE stamp are entitled to take one deer during the archery or crossbow seasons, one antlered deer during the buck firearms season, and one deer during the muzzleloader season.

Additional stamps must be purchased:

- to hunt an additional antlered deer in the buck firearms season: Class RRG
- to hunt an additional deer during the archery or crossbow seasons: Class RRB
- to hunt antlerless deer in antlerless season: Class NN
- to hunt an additional deer in muzzleloader season: Class RRM

All other nonresidents, except those who hold License Classes XXJ, AAHJ or DT, regardless of landowner status, must purchase an annual Class E, AAH license and a Class CS/LE stamp or Class E-L license. This entitles the holder to hunt one antlered deer during the buck firearms season.

Additional stamps must be purchased:

- to hunt an additional antlered deer in the buck firearms season: Class RRG
- to hunt deer during the archery or crossbow seasons: Class UU or Class UU-L
- to hunt an additional deer during the archery or crossbow seasons: Class RRB
- to hunt deer in muzzleloader season: VV or Class VV-L
- to hunt an additional deer in muzzleloader season: Class RRM
- to hunt antlerless deer in antlerless season: Class NN
- to hunt on national forest lands: Class I or Class I-L

Baiting and Feeding Regulations

It is illegal to bait or feed any wildlife on public land at any time (see pages 1, 7, 8, 27, 33, 42 and 43).

Blaze Orange Requirement

Persons hunting in counties or portions thereof where a deer firearms season or muzzleloader season is presently open shall wear a blaze orange outer garment of at least 400 square inches. This applies to counties or parts thereof with the special youth/Class Q/XS antlerless deer season. This applies to the Mountaineer Heritage Season. This does not apply to waterfowl hunters and persons engaged in farming activities on their own land.

Hunting Hours and Restrictions

You may hunt deer from 1/2 hour before sunrise until 1/2 hour after sunset.

After a person has killed his/her legal daily or season limit of deer, they may not participate further in hunting deer with either a bow, crossbow or firearm the remainder of the day.

After killing the legal limit of deer, a hunter shall not be afield with any firearm with solid ball ammunition unless legally hunting bear, or shot shells containing larger than No. 4 shot unless legally hunting waterfowl using nontoxic shot.

It is legal to hunt small game during the muzzleloader season with a .22 caliber rimfire and .22 caliber air rifle.

A hunter may take no more than two antlered deer during the regular deer seasons and the following Mountaineer Heritage Season combined. However, hunters may take a third antlered deer each year if at least one is taken from a West Virginia CWD containment area. Seniors with a Class XS license may take three antlered deer regardless of location.

Replacement Costs for Illegally Injuring or Killing Antlered Deer

In addition to the \$500 replacement value of deer, the following cost shall also be forfeited to the state by any person who is convicted of violating any criminal law of this state and the violation causes the injury or death of antlered deer:

1. For any deer in which the inside spread of the main beams on the antlers measured at the widest point equals 14" or greater but less than 16" – \$2,500.
2. For any deer in which the inside spread of the main beams on the antlers measured at the widest point equals 16" or greater but less than 18" – \$5,000.
3. For any deer in which the inside spread of the main beams on the antlers measured at the widest point equals 18" or greater but less than 20" – \$7,500.
4. For any deer in which the inside spread of the main beams on the antlers measured at the widest point equals 20" or greater – \$10,000.
5. Any person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of any criminal law of this state which violation causes the injury or death of antlered deer is subject to double the authorized range of replacement cost to be forfeited.
6. Any person convicted pursuant to the replacement costs above shall also be subject to a revocation of hunting and fishing privileges for a period of five years.

Firearms/Bows/Crossbows and Equipment

It is illegal to hunt deer with:

- a shotgun using ammunition loaded with more than one solid ball, or a rifle using rimfire ammunition of less than .25 caliber.
- a fully automatic rifle, shotgun or handgun.
- a handgun using a straight-walled case of less than .357 magnum cartridge or a bottle-necked case of less than .24 caliber.
- a muzzleloader of less than .38 caliber during the muzzleloader deer season.
- an air rifle of less than .45 caliber and with a bullet of less than 200 grains. Any person hunting with an air rifle is subject to all other rifle and firearm hunting regulations, except that air rifles may be discharged within 500 feet of a dwelling.
- both a gun and a bow or with a gun and an arrow, except that a person who is not prohibited from possessing firearms by law may carry a firearm for self-defense.
- a crossbow with more than one string.
- a crossbow that does not have:
 - » a draw weight of at least 125 pounds.
 - » a working safety.
 - » bolts and arrows at least 16 inches long, including the insert and the nock.
 - » broadheads with at least two sharp-cutting edges at least 3/4 inch in width.
- a bow with arrows with broadheads having less than two sharp-cutting edges, measuring less than 3/4 inch in width.
- a bow locking device, except with a modified bow permit issued by the Director.
- an arrow with an explosive, drug-laced or poisoned head or shaft.
- anything other than a bow, crossbow or single-shot muzzleloader on Green Bottom and Fox Forest WMAs.
- an electronic call.
- a bow or crossbow on Bright McCausland Homestead WMA.

Field Tagging, Checking and Transporting

Each person killing a deer must attach a completed field tag to the deer or remain with the deer and have upon their person a completed field tag before moving the carcass from where it was killed. A person who does not have a field tag must make one. This tag must bear the hunter's name, address, hunting license number (if required) and the date, time and county of kill. Immediately upon arriving at a residence, camp, hunting lodge, vehicle or vessel, the field tag shall be attached to the deer and must remain on the carcass until it is tagged with a WVDNR-issued 13-digit game check confirmation number, issued when electronically registered.

Each deer shall be electronically registered, and a WVDNR-issued 13-digit game check confirmation number, hunter's name and address shall be attached to the deer within 72 hours from when it was killed or 24 hours from the close of the respective season, whichever comes first.

The 13-digit game check confirmation number, hunter's name and address shall remain on the deer until it is dressed for consumption.

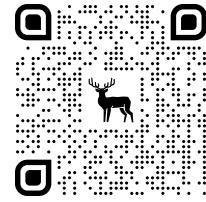
A hunter may harvest two deer on the same day, but only one antlered buck may be harvested on the same day. The first deer does not have to be electronically registered prior to harvesting the second deer in the same day. However, all deer legally harvested must be electronically registered and legally tagged prior to hunting during a subsequent day.

No person may transport or possess wildlife killed by another hunter, unless the wildlife or parts thereof is accompanied by a paper tag filled out legibly bearing the signature, address, date of kill, hunting license number (if required) and the WVDNR-issued 13-digit game check confirmation number (if required) of the hunter who killed the wildlife. The tag shall also specify the species and quantity of wildlife.

Any person hunting with an air rifle is subject to all other rifle and firearm hunting regulations, except that air rifles may be discharged within 500 feet of a dwelling.

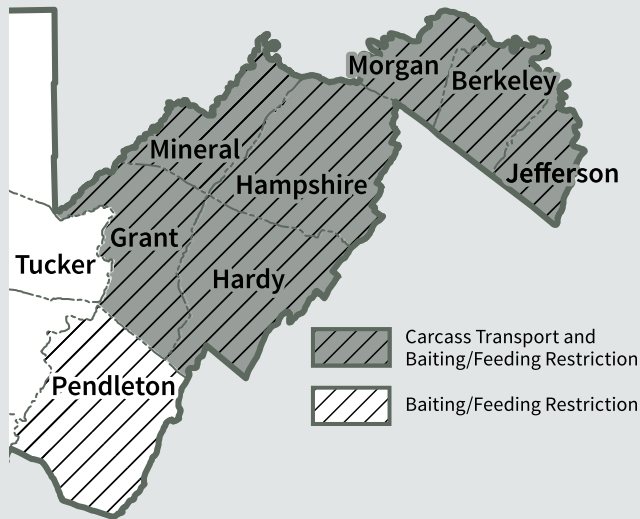
WEST VIRGINIA CHRONIC WASTING DISEASE (CWD)

CWD is a fatal neurological disease affecting deer in various locations in North America and Europe. It is caused by abnormal proteins called prions. There is no known vaccine, treatment or live-animal test, and a definitive diagnosis requires postmortem testing. To learn more about chronic wasting disease in West Virginia deer, visit WVdnr.gov/chronic-wasting-disease.



Containment Area

Includes all of Berkeley, Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, Jefferson, Mineral, Morgan and Pendleton counties.



Carcass Transport Regulations

Hunters are prohibited from transporting dead cervids (deer, elk, etc.) or their parts beyond the boundaries of Berkeley, Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, Jefferson, Mineral and Morgan counties (shaded area) except for the following:

- meat that has been boned out,
- quarters or other portions of meat with no part of the spinal column or head attached,
- cleaned hide with no head attached,
- clean skull plate (no meat or tissue attached) with antlers attached,
- antlers with no meat or tissue attached, and
- finished taxidermy mounts

Hunters may transport whole cervid carcasses that were not killed inside Berkeley, Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, Jefferson, Mineral and Morgan counties through the containment area.

Baiting/Feeding Restriction Regulations

It is illegal to bait or feed cervids or other wildlife in a "Containment Area" as determined by the Director and established for the management, control or eradication of chronic wasting disease or other wildlife diseases. Song and insectivorous birds may be fed, provided that such feeding shall not cause, or be done in a manner that would be reasonably anticipated to cause a congregation of cervids or other wildlife. Provided further, that captive cervids may be fed inside cervid facilities permitted by the state Department of Agriculture.

CWD Testing Available

Adult deer harvested by hunters in the CWD Containment Area (see map to the left) during any deer season may be tested free of charge. Head drop-off locations are available at the District 2 Office (Hampshire County), Sleepy Creek WMA headquarters (Berkeley County) and the Spring Run State Fish Hatchery (Grant County). Heads may be dropped off 24 hours a day, 7 days a week at the District 2 Office and Sleepy Creek WMA headquarters, and at the Spring Run State Fish Hatchery from 7:30 a.m. to 3:30 p.m., 7 days a week. Contact the District 2 Office at (304) 822-3551 with any questions about CWD testing or drop-off locations. Hunters should bring the head of their deer, with 2-3 inches of neck attached, to the collection location and follow all instructions provided at the testing station.

Staff may be available to assist during regular business hours, 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., but heads may be dropped off at any time. Hunters must provide their DNR ID number, 13-digit game check confirmation number, address, telephone number, license type and a location of harvest for each animal submitted for testing. The hunter's field tag may be left in the deer's ear when the head is left for testing. Heads skinned and with antlers removed for taxidermy are acceptable for testing.

DEER WHITE-TAILED HUNTING SEASONS

Deer can be checked in any order if you have the proper additional privilege. A hunter may take no more than two antlered deer during the regular deer seasons and the following Mountaineer Heritage Season combined. However, hunters may take a third antlered deer each year if at least one is taken from a West Virginia CWD Containment Area. Seniors with a Class XS license may take three antlered deer regardless of location.					
County	Archery and Crossbow Seasons September 26–December 31	Buck Firearms Season November 23–December 6	Antlerless Firearms Season* October 22–25; November 23–December 6, December 10–13 and December 28–31	Muzzleloader Season* December 14–20	
Berkeley Greenbrier (<i>South Portion, see page 22</i>) Hampshire Hardy Jefferson Mineral (<i>East Portion, see page 23</i>) Monroe Morgan Pendleton	Maximum combined archery and crossbow seasons bag limit: 3 - One either sex deer may be taken on a valid base license or license combination, free license, resident underage or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. - Two deer (one must be antlerless) may be taken on Class RB or RRB stamps (one deer per stamp) or by a resident landowner using those privileges.	Maximum season bag limit: 2 - One antlered deer may be taken on a valid base license or license combination, free license, resident underage or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. - One antlered deer may be taken on a Class RG or RRG stamp or by a resident landowner using that privilege. - Note concurrent Antlerless Season.	Maximum season bag limit: 3 - Up to three antlerless deer may be taken on Class N or NN stamps or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land in each county or combination of counties not to exceed an annual statewide total of three Class N or NN deer. - Requires a valid base license or license combination, or free license plus a Class N or NN stamp for each deer, except for resident landowners hunting on their own land. <i>*See pages 16–18 for exceptions and special regulations regarding antlerless season on WMAs and other public lands.</i>	Maximum season bag limit: 2 - One either sex deer may be taken on a valid base license or license combination, free license, resident underage or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. - One either sex deer may be taken on a Class RM or RRM stamp or by a resident landowner using that privilege. <i>*See pages 16–17 for exceptions and special regulations regarding muzzleloader season on WMAs and other public lands.</i>	
In these counties (or parts thereof) hunters must kill an antlerless deer within the county, which may be taken during any regular deer season open to antlerless deer hunting, before killing a second antlered deer within the county. This special regulation applies across all the combined regular deer seasons and the Mountaineer Heritage Season.					
Barbour Brooke Calhoun Doddridge Gilmer Grant Hancock Harrison Jackson Lewis Marion Mason	Maximum combined archery and crossbow seasons bag limit: 3 - One either sex deer may be taken on a valid base license or license combination, free license, resident underage or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. - Two deer (one must be antlerless) may be taken on Class RB or RRB stamps (one deer per stamp) or by a resident landowner using those privileges.	Maximum season bag limit: 2 - One antlered deer may be taken on a valid base license or license combination, free license, resident underage or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. - One antlered deer may be taken on a Class RG or RRG stamp or by a resident landowner using that privilege. - Note concurrent Antlerless Season.	Maximum season bag limit: 3 - Up to three antlerless deer may be taken on Class N or NN stamps or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land in each county or combination of counties not to exceed an annual statewide total of three Class N or NN deer. - Requires a valid base license or license combination, or free license and a Class N or NN stamp for each deer, except for resident landowners hunting on their own land. <i>*See pages 16–18 for exceptions and special regulations regarding antlerless season on WMAs and other public lands.</i>	Maximum season bag limit: 2 - One either sex deer may be taken on a valid base license or license combination, free license, resident underage or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. - One either sex deer may be taken on a Class RM or RRM stamp or by a resident landowner using that privilege. <i>*See pages 16–17 for exceptions and special regulations regarding muzzleloader season on WMAs and other public lands.</i>	Monongalia Ohio Preston Putnam Randolph Ritchie Roane Taylor Tyler Upshur Wood

DEER WHITE-TAILED HUNTING SEASONS

Deer can be checked in any order if you have the proper additional privilege.

A hunter may take no more than two antlered deer during the regular deer seasons and the following Mountaineer Heritage Season combined. However, hunters may take a third antlered deer each year if at least one is taken from a West Virginia CWD Containment Area. Seniors with a Class XS license may take three antlered deer regardless of location.

County	Archery and Crossbow Seasons September 26–December 31	Buck Firearms Season November 23–December 6	Antlerless Firearms Season* October 22-25; November 23–December 6, December 10-13 and December 28–31	Muzzleloader Season* December 14–20
Braxton Cabell Clay Fayette (East Portion, see page 22) Lincoln Marshall Mercer Mineral (West Portion, see page 23) Wetzel Wirt	Maximum combined archery and crossbow seasons bag limit: 3 - One either sex deer may be taken on a valid base license or license combination, free license, resident underage or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. - Two deer (one must be antlerless) may be taken on Class RB or RRB stamps (one deer per stamp) or by a resident landowner using those privileges.	Maximum season bag limit: 2 - One antlered deer may be taken on a valid base license or license combination, free license, resident underage or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. - One antlered deer may be taken on a Class RG or RRG stamp or by a resident landowner using that privilege. - Note concurrent Antlerless Season.	Maximum season bag limit: 1 - One antlerless deer may be taken on a Class N or NN stamp or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land in each county not to exceed an annual statewide total of three Class N or NN deer. - Requires a valid base license or license combination, or free license and a Class N or NN stamp, except for resident landowners hunting on their own land. Prior application for permit not required. <i>*See pages 16-18 for exceptions and special regulations regarding antlerless season on WMAs and other public lands.</i>	Maximum season bag limit: 2 - One either sex deer may be taken on a valid base license or license combination, free license, resident underage or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. - One either sex deer may be taken on a Class RM or RRM stamp or by a resident landowner using that privilege. <i>*See pages 16-17 for exceptions and special regulations regarding muzzleloader season on WMAs and other public lands.</i>
Boone Fayette (West Portion, see page 22) Greenbrier (North Portion, see page 22) Kanawha (see page 22) Raleigh (West Portion, see page 23) Webster	Maximum combined archery and crossbow seasons bag limit: 3 - One either sex deer may be taken on a valid base license or license combination, free license, resident underage or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. - Two deer (one must be antlerless) may be taken on Class RB or RRB stamps (one deer per stamp) or by a resident landowner using those privileges.	Maximum season bag limit: 2 - One antlered deer may be taken on a valid base license or license combination, free license, resident underage or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. - One antlered deer may be taken on a Class RG or RRG stamp or by a resident landowner using that privilege. - Note concurrent Antlerless Season.	Maximum season bag limit: 1 - Open to residents and non-residents and prior permit application is required. - One antlerless deer may be taken with a valid permit on a Class N or NN stamp or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. - Requires a valid base license or license combination, or free license and a Class N or NN stamp, except for resident landowners hunting on their own land. <i>*See pages 16-18 for exceptions and special regulations regarding antlerless season on WMAs and other public lands.</i>	Maximum season bag limit: 2 - One either sex deer may be taken on a valid base license or license combination, free license, resident underage or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. - One antlered deer may be taken on a Class RM or RRM stamp or by a resident landowner using that privilege. <i>*See pages 16-17 for exceptions and special regulations regarding muzzleloader season on WMAs and other public lands.</i>

DEER WHITE-TAILED HUNTING SEASONS

Deer can be checked in any order if you have the proper additional privilege. A hunter may take no more than two antlered deer during the regular deer seasons and the following Mountaineer Heritage Season combined. However, hunters may take a third antlered deer each year if at least one is taken from a West Virginia CWD Containment Area. Seniors with a Class XS license may take three antlered deer regardless of location.					
County	Archery and Crossbow Seasons	Buck Firearms Season	Antlerless Firearms Season	Muzzleloader Season*	
See Pages 16-18 for Public Land Regulations	September 26–December 31	November 23–December 6	Season Closed	December 14–20	
Wayne (<i>South Portion, see page 23</i>)	Maximum combined archery and crossbow seasons bag limit: 2 - One either sex deer may be taken on a valid base license or license combination, free license, resident underage or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. - One either sex deer may be taken on a Class RB or RRB stamp or by a resident landowner using that privilege.	Maximum season bag limit: 2 - One antlered deer may be taken on a valid base license or license combination, free license, resident underage or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. - One antlered deer may be taken on a Class RG or RRG stamp or by a resident landowner using that privilege.	Season Closed	Maximum season bag limit: 2 - One antlered deer may be taken on a valid base license or license combination, free license, resident underage or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. - One antlered deer may be taken on a Class RM or RRM stamp or by a resident landowner using that privilege. <i>*See pages 16-17 for exceptions and special regulations regarding muzzleloader season on WMAs and other public lands.</i>	
Logan McDowell Mingo Wyoming	Maximum archery season bag limit: 2 Crossbow Season closed, except for Class Y holders. - Only one antlered deer may be taken per year, including 2027 Mountaineer Heritage season. - One deer may be taken on a valid base license, free license, resident underage, or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land and one deer may be taken on a class RB or RRB stamp or by a resident landowner using that privilege; - OR, if the hunter's first archery deer was taken in a county open to firearms deer hunting, two deer (at least one must be antlerless) may be taken on Class RB or RRB stamps or by a resident landowner using those privileges.	Season Closed	Season Closed	Season Closed	

DEER WHITE-TAILED HUNTING SEASONS

Deer can be checked in any order if you have the proper additional privilege. A hunter may take no more than two antlered deer during the regular deer seasons and the following Mountaineer Heritage Season combined. However, hunters may take a third antlered deer each year if at least one is taken from a West Virginia CWD Containment Area. Seniors with a Class XS license may take three antlered deer regardless of location.	
Wildlife Management Areas and other Public Lands	Special Regulations
Amherst/Plymouth WMA Moncove Lake WMA National Forest (<i>Grant/Hampshire/Hardy/Pendleton/Preston/Tucker counties</i>) Pleasant Creek WMA Pruntytown State Farm WMA Snake Hill WMA Stonewall Jackson Lake WMA Wallback WMA	All deer season regulations are the same as private land in the respective counties where the WMAs are located except the Antlerless Season is open October 22-25, November 23-December 6, December 10-13 and December 28-31 and the Antlerless Season bag limit is one deer. Class RM and RRM muzzleloader stamps are valid for either sex deer. One either sex deer may be taken during the Mountaineer Heritage Season (see page 32).
Canaan Valley NWR	All deer season regulations are the same as private land in Tucker County where public land is located except the Antlerless Season is open October 22-25, November 23-December 6, December 10-13 and December 28-31 and the Antlerless Season bag limit is three deer. Class RM and RRM muzzleloader stamps are valid for either sex deer. One either sex deer may be taken during the Mountaineer Heritage Season (see page 32).
Beech Fork Lake WMA Bluestone Lake WMA Burnsville Lake WMA Calvin Price State Forest Coopers Rock State Forest Little Kanawha River WMA McClintic WMA	All deer season regulations are the same as private land in Calhoun/Wirt counties (Little Kanawha River), Cabell/Wayne counties (Beech Fork Lake), Braxton County (Burnsville Lake), Monongalia/Preston counties (Coopers Rock), Pocahontas County (Calvin Price), Summers/Mercer/Monroe counties (Bluestone Lake) and Mason County (McClintic) where the State Forest or WMA is located except all antlered deer taken must have a minimum 14" outside antler spread. Only one antlered deer may be taken on each area for all seasons (archery, crossbow, buck firearms, muzzleloader and Mountaineer Heritage) combined. The Antlerless Season is open October 22-25, November 23-December 6, December 10-13 and December 28-31, and the Antlerless Season bag limit is one deer. (Little Kanawha River WMA - the Antlerless Season bag limit is three deer for the portion within Calhoun County; Burnsville Lake WMA - the Antlerless Season bag limit is three deer.) Class RM and RRM muzzleloader stamps are valid for either sex deer. One either sex deer may be taken during the Mountaineer Heritage Season (see page 32).
National Forest (<i>Greenbrier/Monroe counties</i>)	All deer season regulations are the same as private land in the respective counties or portions thereof where the WMAs are located except the Archery and Crossbow Seasons bag limit is two deer. The Antlerless Season is closed. The Muzzleloader Season is restricted to antlered deer only. Class RM/RRM stamps are valid only for antlered deer. One either sex deer may be taken during the Mountaineer Heritage Season (see page 32).

DEER WHITE-TAILED HUNTING SEASONS

Deer can be checked in any order if you have the proper additional privilege. A hunter may take no more than two antlered deer during the regular deer seasons and the following Mountaineer Heritage Season combined. However, hunters may take a third antlered deer each year if at least one is taken from a West Virginia CWD Containment Area. Seniors with a Class XS license may take three antlered deer regardless of location.	
Wildlife Management Areas and other Public Lands	Special Regulations
Camp Creek State Forest Daniels Ridge WMA Greenbrier State Forest National Forest (<i>Nicholas/Pocahontas counties</i>) National Forest and State Land (<i>Randolph County</i>)	All deer season regulations are the same as private land in the counties or portions thereof where the WMAs or State Forests are located except the Antlerless Season is open October 22-25, November 23-December 6, December 10-13 and December 28-31. Prior application is required to hunt during the Antlerless Season and the Antlerless Season bag limit is one deer. Class RM and RRM muzzleloader stamps are only valid for antlered deer. One either sex deer may be taken during the Mountaineer Heritage Season (see page 32).
Wilson Cove Deer Study Area	All deer season regulations are the same as private land in Hardy County except Buck Firearms Season is closed. This area has a Special Antlered Muzzleloader Deer Season from November 23-December 6 and during this special season only muzzleloaders are permitted. All Muzzleloader Season stamp requirements apply and harvested deer must be electronically registered as a Muzzleloader Season harvest. The annual antlered deer bag limit for Archery, Crossbow, Muzzleloader seasons and Mountaineer Heritage Season combined is one deer. The Antlerless Season is open October 22-25, November 23-December 6 (only muzzleloaders may be used during this period), December 10-13 and December 28-31. The RM and RRM muzzleloader stamps are valid for either sex deer. One either sex deer may be taken during the Mountaineer Heritage Season (see page 32).
Green Bottom WMA	All deer season regulations are the same as private land in Cabell/Mason counties except Deer may only be hunted with bows, crossbows or muzzleloaders. Class RM and RRM muzzleloader stamps are valid for either sex deer. One either sex deer may be taken during the Mountaineer Heritage Season (see page 32).
All other WMAs and other Public Lands	All regulations are the same as private land in the respective counties or portions thereof where the WMAs or other public lands are located. One either sex deer may be taken during the Mountaineer Heritage Season (see page 32).

DEER ANTLERLESS FIREARMS SEASON

Deer can be checked in any order if you have the proper additional privilege.

A hunter may take no more than two antlered deer during the regular deer seasons and the following Mountaineer Heritage Season combined. However, hunters may take a third antlered deer each year if at least one is taken from a West Virginia CWD Containment Area. Seniors with a Class XS license may take three antlered deer regardless of location.

Counties* or parts thereof open to Unlimited Resident Class N, Nonresident Class NN and Two Additional Class N or NN	Counties or parts thereof open to Unlimited Resident Class N, Nonresident Class NN and Two Additional Class N or NN	Counties or parts thereof open to Unlimited Resident Class N and Nonresident Class NN	Counties or parts thereof, State Forests and Wildlife Management Areas open to Limited Resident Class N or Nonresident Class NN (Must Apply)
Three (3) Class N or NN deer may be taken in each county, not to exceed an annual statewide bag limit of three (3) Class N or NN deer. October 22-25, November 23-December 6, December 10-13 and December 28-31 (Private and Public Land**)	Three (3) Class N or NN deer may be taken in each county, not to exceed an annual statewide bag limit of three (3) Class N or NN deer. October 22-25, November 23-December 6, December 10-13 and December 28-31 (Private and Public Land**)	One (1) Class N or NN deer may be taken in each county, not to exceed an annual statewide bag limit of three (3) Class N or NN deer. October 22-25, November 23-December 6, December 10-13 and December 28-31 (Private and Public Land**)	Only one (1) Class N or Class NN antlerless deer may be taken in this group of counties and WMAs. October 22-25, November 23-December 6, December 10-13 and December 28-31 (Private and Public Land**)
Berkeley Greenbrier (<i>South Portion, see page 22</i>) Hampshire Hardy Jefferson Mineral (<i>East Portion, see page 23</i>) Monroe Morgan Pendleton <i>*In these counties (or parts thereof) hunters must kill an antlerless deer within the county, which may be taken during any regular deer season open to antlerless deer hunting, before killing a second antlered deer within the county. This special regulation applies across all the combined regular deer seasons and the Mountaineer Heritage Season.</i>	Barbour Brooke Calhoun Doddridge Gilmer Grant Hancock Harrison Jackson Lewis Marion Mason	Braxton Cabell Clay Fayette (<i>East Portion, see page 22</i>) Lincoln Marshall Mercer Mineral (<i>West Portion, see page 23</i>) Nicholas Pleasants Pocahontas Raleigh (<i>East Portion, see page 23</i>) Summers Tucker Wayne (<i>North Portion, see page 23</i>) Wetzel Wirt	Counties or Parts Thereof Boone 300 Fayette (<i>West Portion, see page 22</i>) 150 Greenbrier (<i>North Portion, see page 22</i>) 200 Kanawha (<i>North Portion, see page 22</i>) 400 Kanawha (<i>South Portion, see page 22</i>) 250 Raleigh (<i>West Portion, see page 23</i>) 100 Webster 350 Wildlife Management Areas and State Forests Camp Creek State Forest (<i>Mercer Co.</i>) 50 Daniels Ridge WMA (<i>Monroe Co.</i>) 50 Greenbrier State Forest (<i>Greenbrier Co.</i>) 50 National Forest (<i>Pocahontas Co.</i>) 500 National Forest and State Land (<i>Randolph Co.</i>) 350 National Forest (<i>Nicholas Co.</i>) 50

Counties not listed in the table are closed to firearms antlerless deer hunting.

**See pages 16-18 for exceptions and special regulations regarding antlerless season on WMAs and other public lands.

DEER ANTLERLESS FIREARMS SEASON

All antlerless deer taken during the antlerless deer season or the portion of the antlerless deer season concurrent with buck firearms season must be taken on a Class N or NN stamp, Class DT license or as a landowner. Only one antlerless deer may be taken on each Class N or NN stamp. See exception for concurrent archery and crossbow hunting on page 25.

All West Virginia residents must purchase a Class N stamp to hunt during the antlerless season with the following exceptions:

- Resident landowners (see page 8) may hunt antlerless deer on their land without a license provided the land is in a county or part thereof open to antlerless deer hunting.
- Resident landowners, their resident children or resident parents do not have to live on the property. However, a resident tenant must permanently live on the land.
- Resident stockholders of resident corporations formed for the primary purpose of hunting or fishing who own in fee no less than 1,000 acres may hunt antlerless deer on their own land, provided the land is in a county or part thereof open to antlerless deer hunting.
- Residents or nonresidents who hold Class DT licenses are not required to purchase Class N or NN stamps but must abide by all other antlerless regulations.

All nonresidents, military personnel, senior citizens, Class Q, Class XS, disabled veterans, former POWs and underage hunters not exempted must purchase a Class N or NN stamp to hunt antlerless deer during the antlerless season.

- Class N or NN stamps may be purchased at any license agent, the WVDNR office in Charleston or on the WVDNR website (see page 44).
- Class N or NN stamps are nontransferable. Class N or NN stamps are not county specific, but in limited resident counties, State Forests or WMAs, the Class N stamp must be accompanied by a valid eligibility card.
- During the antlerless season, a Class N or NN stamp holder may substitute a bow or crossbow for a firearm to take antlerless deer.

A hunter may harvest two deer on the same day, but only one antlered buck may be harvested on the same day. The first deer does not have to be electronically registered prior to harvesting the second deer in the same day. However, all deer legally harvested must be electronically registered and legally tagged prior to hunting during a subsequent day.

No person may actively participate (i.e., drive) in any manner in hunting antlerless deer without a valid Class N or NN stamp or otherwise being exempt from having a Class N or NN stamp.

Any person hunting with an air rifle is subject to all other rifle and firearm hunting regulations, except that air rifles may be discharged within 500 feet of a dwelling.

SHARE THE HARVEST SUNDAY

November 1, 2026

The DNR and the WV Council of Churches cooperatively sponsor Share Your Harvest Sunday each year to financially support the **Hunters Helping the Hungry** (HHH) program. Since its inception in 1992, HHH has provided venison for more than 1.4 million meals to needy West Virginians.

During this Sunday, or another Sunday of choice, churches are encouraged to ask members of the congregation to donate \$1, \$5 or whatever they can afford. DNR staff collect the donations to help pay for meat processing and distribution costs.

Mail donations to:

Hunters Helping the Hungry
WVDNR Wildlife Resources
163 Wildlife Road
French Creek, WV 26218

For more information contact the DNR District 3 office at 304.924.6211 or visit WVdnr.gov/hunters-helping-the-hungry



DEER ANTLERLESS FIREARMS SEASON

Counties or parts thereof with a Bag Limit of Three Class N or NN Deer in Antlerless Season and Counties with a Bag Limit of Three Class N or NN Deer with Special Regulations

Counties or parts thereof with a bag limit of three Class N or NN deer in antlerless season having a special regulation

There are nine counties or parts thereof where a hunter may take three antlerless deer during the antlerless season by purchasing multiple Class N or NN stamps (see pages 13 and 18). Hunters may take up to three antlerless (Class N or NN) deer in each county or part thereof not to exceed the bag limit specified in each county or part thereof and not to exceed the annual statewide bag limit of three antlerless (Class N or NN) deer. **There are nine counties or parts thereof (see pages 13 and 18) that require hunters to take an antlerless deer within the county, which may be taken during any regular deer season open to antlerless deer hunting, before killing a second antlered deer within the county. This regulation applies across all the combined regular deer seasons and the Mountaineer Heritage Season.** See pages 16-18 for antlerless regulations on WMAs and other public lands.

Counties or parts thereof with a bag limit of three Class N or NN deer in antlerless season

There are 23 counties or parts thereof where a hunter may take three antlerless deer during the antlerless season by purchasing multiple Class N or NN stamps (see pages 13 and 18). Hunters may take up to three antlerless (Class N or NN) deer in each county or part thereof not to exceed the bag limit specified in each county or part thereof and not to exceed the annual statewide bag limit of three antlerless (Class N or NN) deer. See pages 16-18 for antlerless regulations on WMAs and other public lands.

-  **Unlimited Resident and Nonresident with special regulation:** bag limit of three
-  **Unlimited Resident and Nonresident:** bag limit of three

CWD CONTAINMENT AREA

See page 12 for special regulations regarding deer carcass transport and baiting and feeding of wildlife within the West Virginia CWD Containment Area.

Concurrent Hunting during the Antlerless Deer Season

During antlerless season, concurrent hunting for small game (except during the first three days of the buck firearms season) and bear (where the season is open) is legal; however, no hunter except those legally hunting deer or bear shall be afield with a firearm with solid ball ammunition or shot shells containing larger than No. 4 shot, except for waterfowl hunters using nontoxic shot.

Concurrent archery and crossbow hunting for antlered and antlerless deer is legal during the antlerless season subject to all archery and crossbow deer hunting regulations. All persons hunting during deer firearms seasons or muzzleloader season (except those engaged in farming activities on their own land and waterfowl hunters) must wear at least 400 square inches of blaze orange as an outer garment.

Concurrent waterfowl hunting is legal (see separate WVDNR Migratory Bird Hunting Regulations publication).



DEER ANTLERLESS FIREARMS SEASON

Counties or parts thereof, State Forests and/or WMAs with Limited Resident and Nonresident Class N or NN Permits, and Unlimited Resident and Nonresident Class N or NN with a Bag Limit of One

Counties or parts thereof with a bag limit of one Class N or NN deer in antlerless season

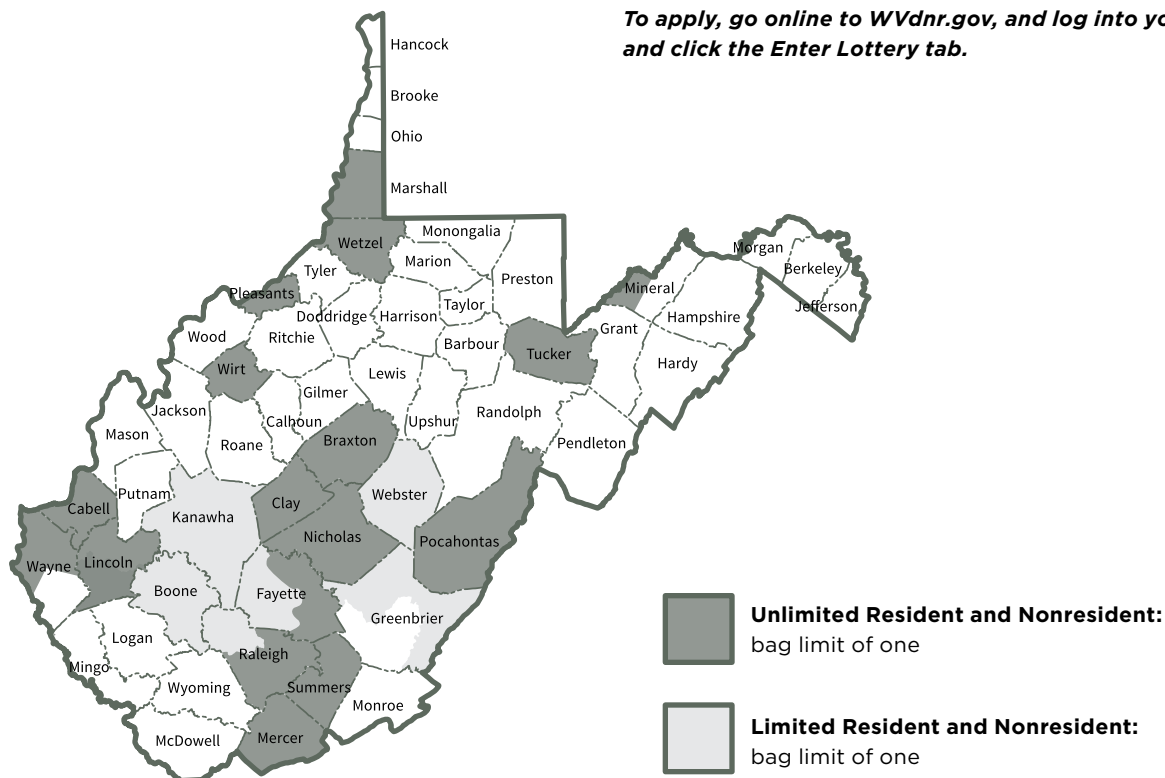
Seventeen counties or parts thereof have an unlimited number of Class N or NN stamps for resident and nonresident antlerless deer hunting (see pages 14 and 18). No application is necessary for these counties. Hunters may take one antlerless (Class N or NN) deer in each county or part thereof in this group of counties, not to exceed the annual statewide bag limit of three antlerless (Class N or NN) deer. See pages 16-18 for antlerless regulations on WMAs and other public lands.

Counties or parts thereof and public lands with limited resident and nonresident hunting for Class N or NN deer in antlerless season

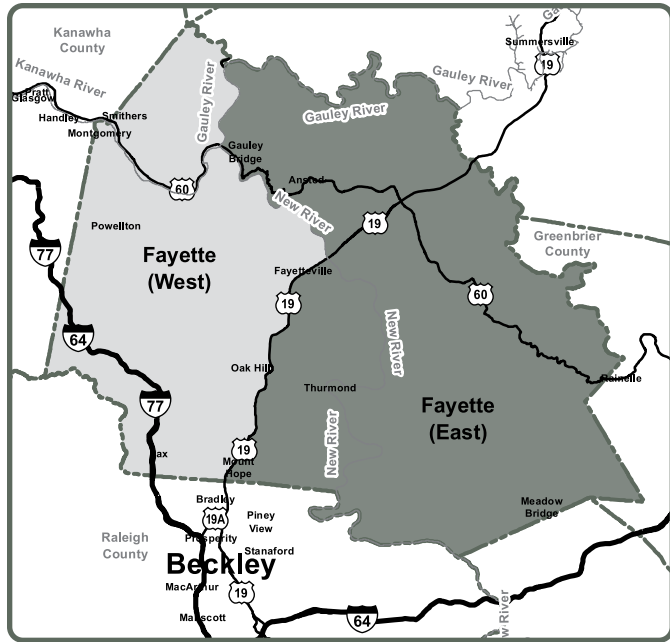
There are six counties or parts thereof with resident Class N or nonresident Class NN antlerless deer hunting with prior permit application in 2026 (see pages 14 and 18). One wildlife management area, National Forest in Nicholas and Pocahontas counties, National Forest and State Land in Randolph County and two state forests have a limited number of Class N or Class NN stamps for antlerless deer hunting (see page 18). To be eligible to hunt in one of these counties or on one of these WMAs, portions of National Forest or state forests, apply at WVhunt.com, beginning on July 15. An application must be submitted online by Sept. 5, 2026. Resident landowners do not need a permit to hunt on their own land. Successful applicants will receive notification from the WVDNR via email by September 15. Applicants can also check their status and print their permit online at WVhunt.com. See pages 16-18 for antlerless regulations on WMAs and other public lands.

In limited resident and nonresident antlerless WMAs and state forests, a hunter may take only one deer in the antlerless season.

To apply, go online to WVDnr.gov, and log into your account and click the Enter Lottery tab.

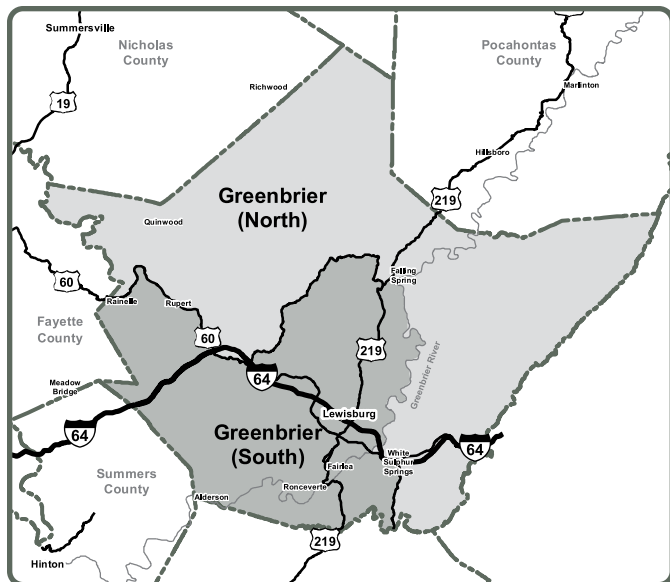


DEER SPLIT COUNTIES – MAPS DESCRIPTIONS



Fayette County

(East/West Division Line) — starting at the Raleigh County line, U.S. Route 19N to New River, then follow New River north to the Gauley River (at Gauley Bridge), then along the Gauley River to the Nicholas County line.



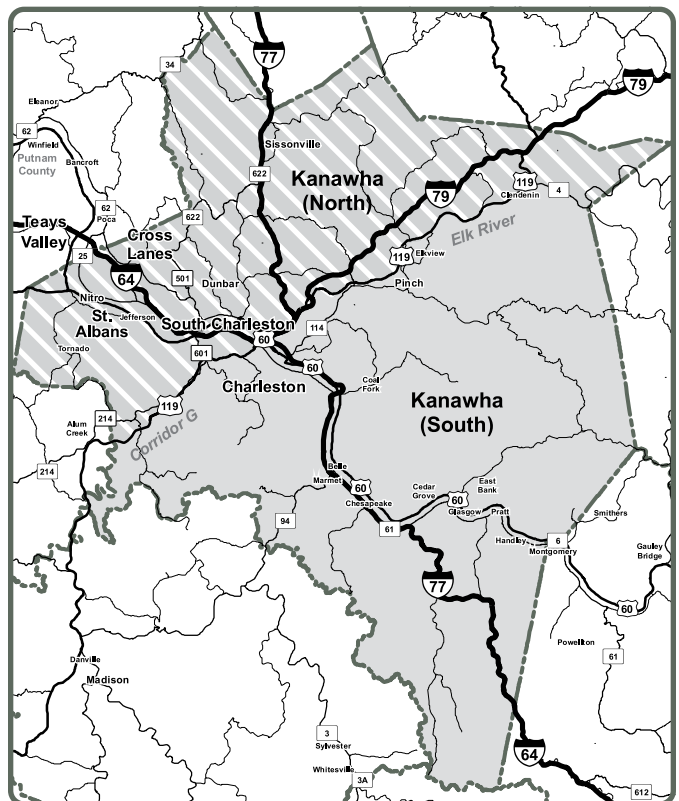
Greenbrier County

(North/South Division Line) — starting at the Fayette County line, U.S. Route 60E to CR9, CR9N to U.S. Route 219, U.S. Route 219N to CR 11 (at Renick), CR 11E to Greenbrier River, south along the Greenbrier River to I-64, I-64E to CR 60/14, CR 60/14S to Monroe County line.

ANTLERLESS SEASON KEY

(See pages 13-18)

-  **Unlimited Resident and Nonresident with special regulation:** bag limit of three
-  **Unlimited Resident and Nonresident:** bag limit of one
-  **Limited Resident and Nonresident:** bag limit of one
-  **Closed:** antlerless Class N hunting seasons



Kanawha County

(North/South Division Line) — starting at the Clay County line at the Elk River, west along the Elk River to Charleston (intersection of I-64 with Corridor G), south along Corridor G to Lincoln County line.



(East/West Division Line) — starting at the West Virginia-Maryland state line, U.S. Route 220S to SR 972, SR 972S to U.S. Route 50, U.S. Route 50W to SR 93, SR 93S to Grant County line.



(East/West Division Line) — starting at the Wyoming County line, SR 99E to intersection with SR 3 (at Glen Daniel), then SR 3E to intersection with I-77/64 (at Beckley), then I-77N to Fayette County line.

(See pages 13-18)

- _____



(North/South Division Line) - starting at the Lincoln County line, CR 21N to CR 25, CR 25W to SR 37 (at East Lynn), SR 37S to CR 30, CR 30W to SR 152, SR 152S to CR 36, CR 36W to West Virginia-Kentucky state line.

DEER ARCHERY AND CROSSBOW SEASONS

Daily Bag Limits: 2

Opening Date: September 26

Closing Date: December 31

Three deer may be taken with a bow or crossbow during the archery and crossbow seasons. One deer may be taken on one of the following valid base licenses or license combinations: resident license (Class X, Class X3, Class XP, Class XP3, Class XJ, Class AHJ, Class AB-L, Class A-L, Class XS, Classes A+CS+BG or Classes AH+CS+BG); or a free license (Military, Disabled Veteran, former POW, Senior Citizen or Class DT); or nonresident license (Classes E+CS/LE+UU, Classes AAH+CS/LE+UU, Classes XXJ+CS/LE, Classes AAHJ+CS/LE, Class DT or Class E-L + UU-L or UU). Underage residents and resident landowners hunting on their own land (see page 8) may take an archery or crossbow deer without a license. Up to two additional deer may be taken with Class RB or Class RRB stamps (one per stamp) or on a Class DT license or by resident landowners hunting on their own property. If two deer are taken on Class RB or RRB stamps, or on a Class DT license or by a resident landowner using those privileges, one of the two must be an antlerless deer taken in a county open to Class N antlerless hunting. Class DT license holders must be accompanied by a parent, guardian, or with written consent of the parent or guardian or any other competent licensed adult 21 years of age or older.

A hunter may take no more than two antlered deer during the regular deer seasons and the following Mountaineer Heritage Season combined, except that three antlered deer may be taken in a West Virginia CWD Containment Area or by Class XS license holders.

A hunter may harvest two deer per day, but only one antlered deer may be harvested per day. The first deer does not have to be electronically registered prior to harvesting the second deer in the same day. However, all deer legally harvested must be electronically registered and legally tagged prior to hunting during a subsequent day.

Deer of either sex may be hunted statewide with a bow or crossbow during the archery and crossbow seasons, except that crossbows are not permitted in Logan, McDowell, Mingo and Wyoming counties, except by the holders of Class Y permits. Only one antlered deer may be taken during the Archery and Mountaineer Heritage Seasons combined in Logan, McDowell, Mingo and Wyoming counties. A bow or a crossbow may be substituted for a firearm during any deer firearms season except that a bow or crossbow cannot be substituted in the muzzleloader season.

It is illegal to:

- hunt with a crossbow that does not have:
- a draw weight of at least 125 pounds.
- a working safety.
- bolts and arrows at least 16 inches long, including the insert and the nock.
- broadheads with at least two sharp-cutting edges at least 3/4 inch in width.
- hunt with a crossbow with more than one string.
- hunt deer with arrows with broadheads having less than two sharp-cutting edges, measuring less than 3/4 inch in width.
- use a bow-locking device, except with a modified bow permit issued by the Director.
- use an arrow with an explosive, drug-laced or poisoned head or shaft.
- use an electronic call to hunt deer.
- use a bow or crossbow on Bright McCausland Homestead WMA.
- be afield with both gun and bow or with gun and an arrow, except that a person who is not prohibited from possessing firearms by law may carry a firearm for self-defense.
- be afield with an air rifle and bow or an air rifle and any arrow at the same time.
- hunt with an air bow at any time.

Additional Deer Archery Stamps

Class RB and Class RRB

A resident may purchase only two Class RB stamps and a nonresident may purchase only two Class RRB stamps for the archery and crossbow seasons. The Class RB or Class RRB archery stamps must be purchased prior to the opening of statewide archery season.

- Only one deer may be taken with each Class RB or RRB stamp.
- Deer taken on a base license or license stamp combination or Class RB or RRB stamps may be checked in any order.
- Class RB or RRB stamps cannot be used for taking deer with a firearm.

Two additional deer may be taken with Class RB or Class RRB stamps, by holders of Class DT licenses or by a resident landowner hunting on their own land during the archery and crossbow seasons. If two deer are taken on Class RB or Class RRB stamps, or on a Class DT license, or by a resident landowner using Class RB stamp privileges, one of the two must be an antlerless deer taken in a county open to Class N antlerless hunting.

There are nine counties or parts thereof (see pages 13, 18 and 20) that require hunters to take an antlerless deer within the county, which may be taken during any regular deer season open to antlerless deer hunting, before killing a second antlered deer within the county. This regulation applies across all the combined regular deer seasons and the Mountaineer Heritage Season.

The annual limit for the four-county area of Logan, McDowell, Mingo and Wyoming counties is two archery deer, one of which must be antlerless. One Class RB or RRB stamp is valid in these counties, except if the first archery deer was taken in a county open to firearms deer hunting, then two deer (one must be antlerless) may be taken on Class RB or RRB stamps or a Class DT license in counties open to firearms deer hunting. The taking of archery antlerless deer during the buck firearms season is legal in these counties.

To take additional archery or crossbow deer, all residents except holders of Class DT licenses and resident landowners (see page 8) hunting on their own land are required to purchase Class RB stamps. All nonresidents except holders of Class DT licenses are required to purchase Class RRB archery stamps to take additional archery or crossbow deer (see license requirements on page 10).

WEST VIRGINIA GAMECHECK

All hunters must check big game electronically in one of three ways:

- online at WVdnr.gov
- at a license agent
- by calling 844-WVcheck (844-982-4325)

You must have your DNR ID number (which is valid for your lifetime) to successfully check big game, beaver, otter, fisher and bobcat.

Tip: Hunters and trappers need to make sure their DNR ID account is updated with current information and password before going afield.

Reminder: Youth hunters, even if exempt from purchasing a license, are required to report game checks on their own account.

Concurrent hunting during Deer Archery and Crossbow Seasons

A bow hunter may take small game at any time the small game season is open, except the first three days of buck firearms season in counties having a buck firearms season.

A crossbow hunter may take small game during the deer crossbow season, except the first three days of buck firearms season in counties having a buck firearms season.

Archery and crossbow hunting for antlered and antlerless deer are legal during muzzleloader deer season subject to all archery and crossbow deer hunting regulations. Additionally, archery and crossbow hunters must wear a blaze orange outer garment of at least 400 square inches during any deer firearms or muzzleloader seasons.

DEER ARCHERY AND CROSSBOW SEASONS

Special Seasons and Restrictions

Urban Deer/Bear Archery/Crossbow Split Season

A special archery/crossbow deer/bear hunting split season is available between Sept. 5–Dec. 31, 2026, and Jan. 11–31, 2027, to incorporated cities, towns, villages and incorporated homeowner associations. To implement the hunt, homeowner associations must submit a written request to the Director by March 1 of the hunt year. During this special season, seven deer may be taken, which may include no more than two antlered bucks and the first deer must be antlerless. In addition, no more than two deer, only one of which may be antlered, may be taken in one day. One bear may be taken and a DS Stamp is required, except for underage resident and resident landowners hunting on their own land. Deer and bear taken in the Urban Deer/Bear Archery/Crossbow Season shall not apply to the hunter's regular archery and crossbow seasons bag limits. For information regarding this special archery deer/bear season, contact your local municipal government, homeowner association or the appropriate WVDNR office.

Older-aged Deer Management Areas

All antlered deer taken during archery and crossbow seasons on Beech Fork Lake, Bluestone Lake, Burnsville Lake, Little Kanawha River and McClintic WMAs, and Coopers Rock and Calvin Price state forests must have a minimum outside antler spread of 14 inches (ear tip to ear tip). Only one antlered deer may be taken on each area for all seasons (archery, crossbow, buck firearms, muzzleloader and Mountaineer Heritage) combined. It is illegal to bait or feed wildlife on all public lands (see page 10).

McClintic and Green Bottom Wildlife Management Areas – Controlled Waterfowl Hunting Areas

Hunting in the controlled waterfowl hunting area of McClintic and Green Bottom WMAs is restricted to waterfowl hunting during the early segment of the waterfowl season. Refer to the 2026–2027 WVDNR Migratory Bird Hunting Regulation available in August for season dates.

Wilson Cove Deer Study Area

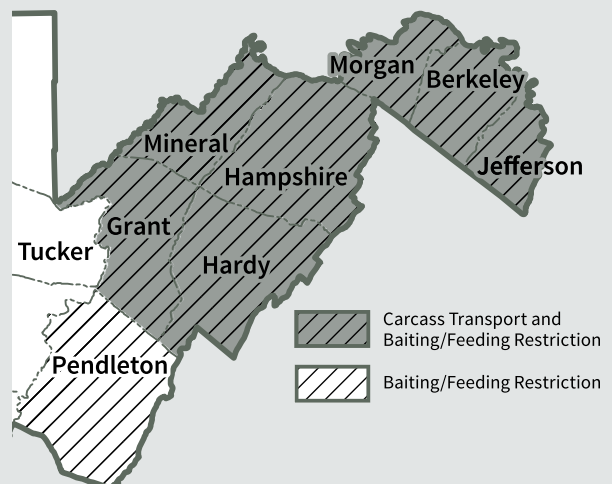
See page 29 and 31 for restrictions on the Wilson Cove Deer Study Area. It is illegal to bait or feed wildlife on public land at any time (see page 10).

It is illegal to:

- be afield with both gun and bow or with a gun and an arrow, except that a person who is not prohibited from possessing firearms by law may carry a firearm for self-defense.
- be afield with an air rifle and bow or an air rifle and any arrow at the same time
- hunt with a crossbow that does not have:
 - » a draw weight of at least 125 pounds.
 - » a working safety.
 - » bolts and arrows at least 16 inches long, including the insert and the nock.
 - » broadheads with at least two sharp-cutting edges at least 3/4 inch in width.
- hunt with a crossbow with more than one string.
- hunt with an air bow at any time.
- hunt deer with arrows with broadheads having less than two sharp-cutting edges, measuring less than 3/4-inch in width.
- use a bow-locking device, except with a modified bow permit issued by the Director.
- use an arrow with an explosive, drug-laced or poisoned head or shaft.
- to use an electronic call to hunt deer.
- use a bow or crossbow on Bright McCausland Homestead WMA.

CWD CONTAINMENT AREA

See page 12 for special regulations regarding deer carcass transport and baiting and feeding of wildlife within the West Virginia CWD Containment Area.



DEER SPECIAL SPLIT YOUTH, CLASS Q AND CLASS XS SEASONS —

October 17–18 and December 26–27, 2026

Hunters may kill one antlerless deer each day of the special seasons. Youth and Class Q hunters may kill one antlered deer during the special seasons, which counts towards their annual antlered deer bag limit. A bow or a crossbow can be substituted for a firearm or muzzleloader during these seasons.

Youth and Class Q hunters can kill an antlered deer and an antlerless deer on the same day.

See page 12 for special regulations for West Virginia CWD Containment Area carcass transport and baiting.

It is illegal to bait or feed any wildlife on public land at any time.

The special split deer seasons for youth, Class Q and Class XS hunters will be held on private land in all counties having a firearms deer hunting season and on all public lands within these counties. **Class XS license holders may only take antlerless deer during this special season.**

The bag limit of one antlerless deer per day will not count towards the hunter's annual deer season bag limit. Also, an antlerless deer taken during the Special Youth, Class Q and Class XS seasons does not count toward the requirement to kill an antlerless deer before killing a second antlered deer in counties listed on page 13. A Class N or NN stamp is not required by youth hunters hunting during this special split antlerless season. A Class N stamp is not required by seniors with a Class XS license and by hunters with a Class Q permit. Each deer taken must be field tagged (see page 11) and electronically registered within 24 hours of the close of each portion of this special split season and before hunting an additional deer.

Youth and Class Q permit holders may take one antlered deer during this special season that will count towards the hunter's annual buck limit for all regular deer seasons combined.

Youth, Class Q and Class XS seasons participants and all other hunters hunting on private land or on any of the public lands during the special Youth, Class Q and Class XS deer season, with the exception of waterfowl hunters and persons engaged in farming activities on their own land, must wear at least 400 square inches of blaze orange as an outer garment.

Youth hunters:

- must be less than 18 years old; youth hunters age 15-17 must comply with all licensing requirements, but Class N or NN stamp not required (see page 44),
- less than 15 years old must be accompanied by a licensed adult, who must also wear 400 square inches of blaze orange, may not hunt or possess implements for the taking of wildlife and must remain near enough to the youth to render advice and assistance. An adult assisting a youth hunter during any special youth season may handle the hunter's firearm to provide safe handling advice and help. **All accompanying adult nonresidents must possess a Class E license + CS/LE stamp or Class E-L license.**

and, if a nonresident youth,

- possess Class XXJ license + CS/LE stamp, Class AAHJ + CS/LE stamp, Class DT or Class E-L license.

Reminder: Youth hunters, even if exempt from purchasing a license, are required to report game checks on their own account.

Senior hunters:

- must be a resident 65 years of age or older and possess a Class XS license.

Class Q hunters must possess:

if a resident,

- Class Q permit plus one of the following:
 - » Class A license + CS stamp or
 - » Class X, X3, XP, XP3, AH, XJ, AHJ, XS, A-L or AB-L license or
 - » Free license (Military, Disabled Veteran, former POW, Senior Citizen or Class DT) or
 - » Be underage (must be accompanied by a licensed adult)

if a nonresident,

- Class Q permit + Class E license + CS/LE stamp or
- Class Q permit + Class AAH + CS/LE stamp or
- Class Q permit + Class XXJ + CS/LE stamp or
- Class Q permit + Class AAHJ + CS/LE stamp or
- Class Q permit + Class DT or
- Class Q permit + Class E-L license

DEER BUCK FIREARMS SEASON

Daily Bag Limit: 1

Opening Date: November 23

Closing Date: December 6

Only deer having one or both antlers more than 3 inches in length above the hairline are legal during the buck firearms season (see concurrent hunting for antlerless deer during buck firearms season on page 29).

Two deer may be taken with a gun, air rifle, crossbow or bow during the buck firearms season. One may be taken on one of the following valid base licenses or license combinations: resident license (Class X, Class X3, Class XP, Class XP3, Class XJ, Class AHJ, Class AB-L, Class A-L, Class XS, Classes A+CS or Classes AH+CS); or free license (Military, Disabled Veteran, former POW, Class DT or Senior Citizen); or nonresident license (Classes E+CS/LE, Classes AAH+CS/LE, Classes XXJ+CS/LE, Classes AAHJ+CS/LE, Class DT or Class E-L). Underage residents and resident landowners hunting on their own land (see page 8) may take an antlered deer without a license. An additional deer may only be taken with a Class RG stamp, Class RRG stamp, Class DT license or by resident landowners hunting on their own property. Class DT license holders must be accompanied by a parent, guardian, or with written consent of the parent or guardian, any other competent licensed adult 21 years of age or older.

A hunter may take no more than two antlered deer during the regular deer seasons and the following Mountaineer Heritage Season combined, except that three antlered deer may be taken in a West Virginia CWD Containment Area or by Class XS license holders.

A hunter may take no more than one antlered deer per day.

Legal firearms for hunting deer during the buck firearms season shall include:

- a rifle using centerfire ammunition.
- a rifle using .25 caliber or larger rimfire ammunition.
- a single-shot muzzleloading rifle, with or without scope, and muzzleloading pistol of .38 caliber or larger.
- a handgun using a straight-walled case of .357 magnum cartridge or larger or a bottle-necked case of .24 caliber or larger (see page 4).
- a shotgun loaded with solid ball ammunition.
- an air rifle .45 caliber or larger and a bullet of 200 grains or greater.

Additional Buck Firearms Season Gun Stamps

Class RG and Class RRG

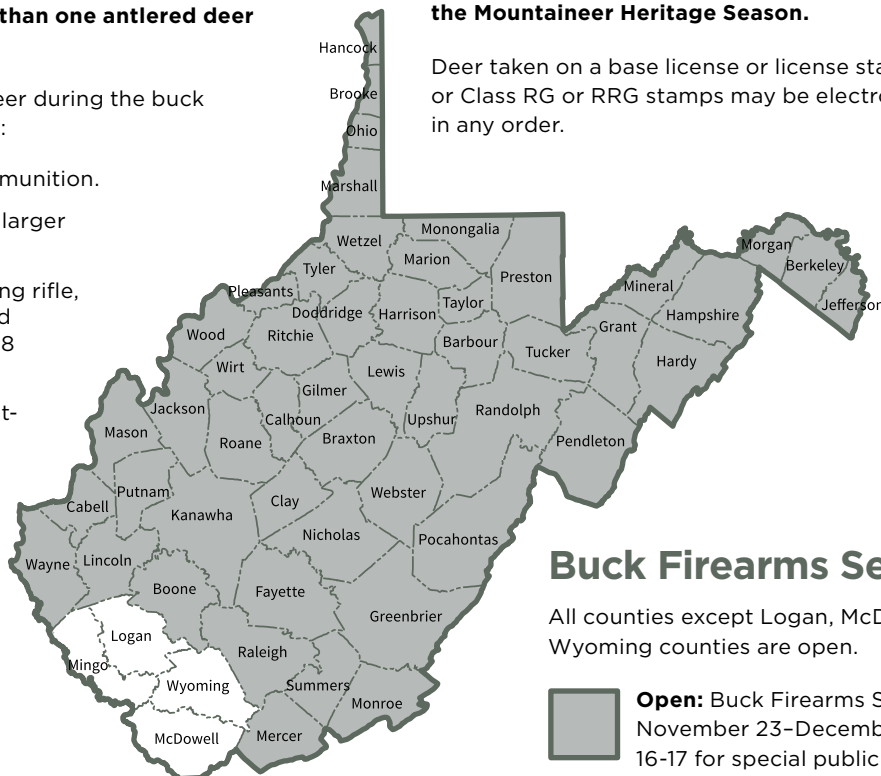
During a calendar year, a resident may purchase only one Class RG stamp and a nonresident may purchase only one Class RRG stamp.

Only one deer may be taken with a Class RG or Class RRG stamp. The Class RG and Class RRG stamps must be purchased prior to the opening of buck firearms season. The Class RG and Class RRG stamps are valid for buck hunting in all counties open to buck firearms season.

To take an additional deer, all residents, except resident landowners (see page 8) hunting on their own land or holders of a Class DT license, are required to purchase a Class RG stamp. All nonresidents are required to purchase a Class RRG stamp or possess a Class DT license if they choose to take an additional deer (see license requirements on page 10).

There are nine counties or parts thereof (see pages 13, 18 and 20) that require hunters to take an antlerless deer within the county, which may be taken during any regular deer season open to antlerless deer hunting, before killing a second antlered deer within the county. This regulation applies across all the combined regular deer seasons and the Mountaineer Heritage Season.

Deer taken on a base license or license stamp combination or Class RG or RRG stamps may be electronically registered in any order.



Buck Firearms Season Counties

All counties except Logan, McDowell, Mingo and Wyoming counties are open.

Open: Buck Firearms Season November 23-December 6, 2026 (See pages 16-17 for special public land regulations)

Closed: to all firearms, muzzleloaders or air rifles deer hunting

DEER BUCK FIREARMS SEASON

Concurrent Hunting during Buck Firearms Deer Season

Antlerless deer hunting is legal on private land in 51 counties or parts thereof and all public lands having an antlerless season Nov. 23-Dec. 6, 2026. To hunt antlerless deer during the buck firearms season, a valid Class N or NN stamp or Class DT license is required for all hunters except for resident landowners (see page 8) hunting on their own land. **A hunter may harvest two deer per day, but only one antlered deer may be harvested per day. The first deer does not have to be electronically registered prior to harvesting the second deer in the same day. However, all deer legally harvested must be electronically registered and legally tagged prior to hunting during a subsequent day.**

Small game hunting is prohibited during the first three days of buck firearms season in all counties having a buck firearms season; provided, waterfowl hunting is legal on lakes, rivers and waterways during the open waterfowl season, bear hunting is legal in specified counties, and coyote hunting is legal. The trapping of furbearing animals is permitted during the first three days of buck firearms season. Small game hunting is legal during open small game seasons beginning November 26, 2026. While hunting small game during the buck firearms season, No. 4 shot or smaller and slugs may be carried with a shotgun only if the hunter is legally hunting deer or bear.

A combination rifle-shotgun (over-under, etc.) is legal for deer hunting and concurrent small game hunting.

After killing the legal daily or season bag limit of deer, a hunter shall not be afield with any firearm with solid ball ammunition (unless legally hunting bear) or shot shells containing larger than No. 4 shot. Waterfowl hunters may use nontoxic shot larger than No. 4.

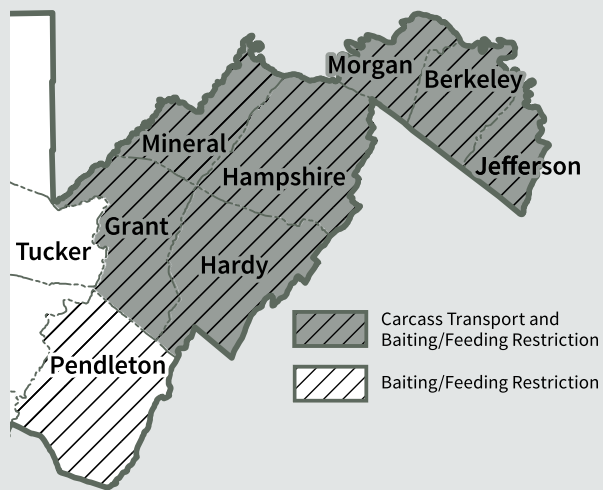
It is illegal to hunt small game during the buck firearms season with any centerfire, with any rimfire larger than .22 caliber, with any air rifle except .22 caliber, or with a shotgun using solid ball ammunition or shot larger than No. 4 in a county that is not open to buck firearms season.

Archery and crossbow hunting for antlered and antlerless deer is legal during buck firearms season subject to all archery and crossbow deer hunting regulations. A bow or a crossbow may be substituted for a firearm to take antlered deer, or if hunting on a Class N or NN stamp or Class DT license, antlerless deer may be taken during the buck firearms season on private land in specified counties and on specified public lands (see pages 16-18).

All persons hunting during a deer firearms or muzzleloader season, except those engaged in farming activities on their own land and waterfowl hunters, must wear at least 400 square inches of blaze orange as an outer garment.

CWD CONTAINMENT AREA

See page 12 for special regulations regarding deer carcass transport and baiting and feeding of wildlife within the West Virginia CWD Containment Area.



Special Seasons and Restrictions

Wilson Cove Deer Study Area

Wilson Cove Deer Study Area, located in Hardy County on the George Washington National Forest, will have a special antlered deer muzzleloader season November 23-December 6, 2026. During this period, only single shot muzzleloaders, including "in-lines" of .38 caliber or larger, are legal for deer hunting on these areas. These two areas will not be open to the traditional buck firearms season. All muzzleloader season license requirements apply and harvested deer must be electronically registered as a Muzzleloader Season harvest (see pages 9-10, 17 and 30). Only one antlered deer may be taken on each area for all seasons (archery, crossbow, muzzleloader and Mountaineer Heritage) combined.

Older-aged Deer Management Areas

All antlered deer taken on Beech Fork Lake, Bluestone Lake, Burnsville Lake, Little Kanawha River and McClintic WMAs, and Coopers Rock and Calvin Price State Forests must have a minimum outside antler spread of 14 inches (ear tip to ear tip). Only one antlered deer may be taken on each area for all seasons (archery, crossbow, buck firearms, muzzleloader and Mountaineer Heritage) combined. It is illegal to bait or feed wildlife on all public lands (see page 10).

DEER MUZZLELOADER SEASON

Daily Bag Limit: 2

Opening Date: December 14

Closing Date: December 20

Two deer may be taken with a muzzleloader during the muzzleloader season. One may be taken on one of the following valid base licenses or license combinations: resident license (Class X, Class X3, Class XP, Class XP3, Class XJ, Class AHJ, Class AB-L, Class A-L, Class XS, Classes A+CS+BG or Classes AH+CS+BG); or a free license (Military, Disabled Veteran, former POW, Class DT or Senior Citizen); or nonresident license (Classes E+CS/LE+VV, Classes AAH+CS/LE+VV, Classes XXJ+CS/LE, Classes AAHJ+CS/LE, Class DT DT or Class E-L + VV-L or VV). Underage residents and resident landowners hunting on their own land (see page 9) may take a muzzleloader season deer without a license. An additional muzzleloader season deer may only be taken with a Class RM or RRM stamp, a Class DT license or by a resident landowner hunting on his/her own land. Class DT license holders must be accompanied by a parent, guardian, or with written consent of the parent or guardian, or any other competent licensed adult 21 years of age or older.

Muzzleloader season hunting for antlered deer is legal in all counties open to the buck firearms season. A deer of either sex may be taken in the muzzleloader season in all counties or parts thereof open to the Class N season. One additional deer may be taken on a Class RM or RRM stamp or a Class DT license in all counties having the muzzleloader season (see pages 13-17 and 31).

In the muzzleloader season, only single-shot muzzleloaders, including "in-lines" and muzzleloaders using an encapsulated propellant charge that loads from the breech, with the projectile loaded from the muzzle of .38 caliber or larger, are legal. Telescopic sights are legal. A firearm that has been converted into a muzzleloader by use of a plug, or a double-barreled or swivel-barreled muzzleloader is illegal for deer hunting during the muzzleloader season.

A bow, crossbow or an air rifle may not be substituted for a muzzleloader during the muzzleloader season.

A hunter may take no more than two antlered deer during the regular deer seasons and the following Mountaineer Heritage Season combined, except that three antlered deer may be taken in a West Virginia CWD Containment Area or by Class XS license holders.

A hunter may harvest two deer per day, but only one antlered deer may be harvested per day. The first deer does not have to be electronically registered prior to harvesting the second deer in the same day. However, all deer legally harvested must be electronically registered and legally tagged prior to hunting during a subsequent day.

Use of Class RM and Class RRM Stamps and Class DT Licenses in the Muzzleloader Season

Only one Class RM or RRM stamp may be used in the muzzleloader season.

Only one deer may be taken with a Class RM or RRM stamp. The Class RM and RRM stamps must be purchased prior to the opening of the muzzleloader season.

To take an additional muzzleloader season deer, all residents, except resident landowners (see page 9) hunting on their own land and hunters who possess a Class DT license are required to purchase a Class RM stamp. All nonresidents, except holders of a Class DT license, are required to purchase a Class RRM stamp if they choose to take an additional muzzleloader deer.

Class RM and Class RRM stamps or a Class DT license may be used to take one additional deer in the muzzleloader season in all counties having the muzzleloader season (see pages 13-15 and 31). See pages 16-17 for muzzleloader season regulations on WMAs and other public lands.

Deer taken on a base license or license stamp combination or Class RM or RRM stamps may be checked in any order.

Class RM, RRM stamps or Class DT licenses may be used to take one antlered deer in all counties having the muzzleloader season OR;

Class RM, RRM stamps or Class DT licenses may be used to take one either-sex deer in the 47 counties or parts thereof having a Class N or NN antlerless season bag limit of one unlimited or three antlerless (Class N) deer (see muzzleloader map on page 31). See pages 16-17 for muzzleloader regulations on WMAs and other public lands.

Concurrent waterfowl hunting is legal (see separate WVDNR Migratory Bird Hunting Regulations publication).

There are nine counties or parts thereof (see pages 13, 18 and 20) that require hunters to take an antlerless deer within the county, which may be taken during any regular deer season open to antlerless deer hunting, before killing a second antlered deer within the county. This regulation applies across all the combined regular deer seasons and the Mountaineer Heritage Season.

CWD CONTAINMENT AREA

See page 12 for special regulations regarding deer carcass transport and baiting and feeding of wildlife within the West Virginia CWD Containment Area.

Concurrent Hunting during Muzzleloader Season

Concurrent archery and crossbow hunting for antlered and antlerless deer is legal during the muzzleloader season subject to all archery and crossbow deer hunting regulations.

Concurrent hunting is permitted during the muzzleloader season. It is illegal to be afield with solid-ball ammunition or shot larger than No. 4 during the muzzleloader season except for those persons legally hunting bear, and for waterfowl hunters using nontoxic shot. All persons hunting during deer firearms or muzzleloader seasons (except those engaged in farming activities on their own land and waterfowl hunters) must wear at least 400 square inches of blaze orange as an outer garment.

It is legal to hunt small game with .22 caliber rimfire and .22 caliber air rifle during the muzzleloader season.

Muzzleloader Season Counties

All counties except Logan, McDowell, Mingo and Wyoming counties are open.

-  **Open:** to antlered only muzzleloader season hunting on base license and Class RM, RRM stamps or Class DT licenses
-  **Open:** to either-sex muzzleloader season hunting on base license, and antlered deer only on Class RM, RRM stamps or Class DT licenses
-  **Open:** to either-sex muzzleloader season hunting on base license and Class RM, RRM stamps and Class DT licenses
-  **Closed:** to all firearms deer hunting

See pages 22-23 for more detailed descriptions and maps of Fayette, Greenbrier, Kanawha, Raleigh and Wayne counties.

See pages 16-17 for exceptions and special regulations on WMAs and other public lands.

Special Seasons and Restrictions

Wilson Cove Deer Study Area

Wilson Cove Deer Study Area, located in Hardy County on the George Washington National Forest, will have a special antlered deer muzzleloader season Nov. 23-Dec. 6, 2026. During this period, only single shot muzzleloaders, including "in-lines" of .38 caliber or larger, are legal for hunting deer on these areas. These two areas will not be open to the traditional buck firearms season. All muzzleloader season license requirements apply and harvested deer must be electronically registered as a Muzzleloader Season harvest (see pages 9-10 and 30). Only one antlered deer may be taken on each area for all seasons (archery, crossbow, muzzleloader and Mountaineer Heritage) combined.

Older-aged Deer Management Areas

All antlered deer taken on Beech Fork Lake, Bluestone Lake, Burnsville Lake, Little Kanawha River and McClintic WMAs and Coopers Rock and Calvin Price state forests must have a minimum outside antler spread of 14 inches (ear tip to ear tip). Only one antlered deer may be taken on each area for all seasons (archery, crossbow, buck firearms, muzzleloader and Mountaineer Heritage) combined. It is illegal to bait or feed wildlife on all public lands at any time (see page 10).



DEER, BEAR AND TURKEY MOUNTAINEER HERITAGE SEASON

Season Limit: 1 Deer, 1 Bear and 1 Turkey Opening Date: Jan. 14, 2027 Closing Date: Jan. 17, 2027

You must have a 2027 hunting license to hunt during the Mountaineer Heritage Season in 2027.

To purchase your license, go to a local license agent, area WVDNR office or WVDnr.gov.

Deer, Bear and Turkey

The Mountaineer Heritage Season is open statewide, but only long and recurve bows are legal for taking deer in Logan, McDowell, Mingo and Wyoming counties during this season. Bear and turkey may be taken within these four counties with any weapons that are legal during this statewide season.

To hunt deer, black bear or turkey, see page 44 for valid license combinations for resident and nonresident hunters. Underage residents and resident landowners hunting on their own land (see page 8) may hunt deer, black bear or turkey during the Mountaineer Heritage Season without a license. Class DT license holders must be accompanied by a parent, guardian or, with written consent of the parent or guardian, any other competent licensed adult 21 years of age or older. Nonresident hunters must purchase a Class I or Class I-L stamp to hunt on National Forest land.

Only single-shot side lock or flintlock muzzleloading rifles with iron sights of .38 caliber or larger, single-shot side lock or flintlock muzzleloading pistols with iron sights of .38 caliber or larger, long bows and recurve bows are legal* during the Mountaineer Heritage season. Telescopic sights are not permitted. In-line muzzleloaders, muzzleloaders using an encapsulated propellant charge that loads from the breech, with the projectile loaded from the muzzle, and a firearm that has been converted into a muzzleloader by use of a plug, or a double-barreled or swivel-barreled muzzleloader is illegal for hunting deer, bear and turkey during this season.

***Single shot side-lock and flintlock muzzleloader shotguns with iron sights may be used for taking a turkey during this season.**

Persons hunting during the Mountaineer Heritage Season are required to wear a blaze orange outer garment of at least 400 square inches, with the exception of Logan, McDowell, Mingo and Wyoming counties.

For more information about field tagging, checking and transporting, see page 11 for deer, page 33 for bear and page 40 for turkey.

It is illegal to:

- hunt with a crossbow or compound bow during the Mountaineer Heritage Season.
- hunt with an air rifle during the Mountaineer Heritage Season.
- hunt bears with the use of dogs during the Mountaineer Heritage Season. See page 5 for exception when tracking a mortally wounded deer, bear or wild turkey.
- hunt turkey with the use of bait and electronic calls.

See pages 4, 11, 24 and 26 for additional prohibitions on deer hunting.

See page 33 for additional prohibitions on bear hunting. Hunters harvesting a bear during the Mountaineer Heritage Season are required to submit a first premolar tooth. See page 35 for more information.

The use of dogs for turkey hunting is legal during this season.

Deer

One either sex deer may be taken with a percussion side lock rifle or pistol, flintlock rifle or pistol, long bow or recurve bow during the Mountaineer Heritage Season.

A hunter may take no more than two antlered deer during the regular deer seasons and the following Mountaineer Heritage Season combined. However, hunters may take a third antlered deer each year if at least one is taken from a West Virginia CWD containment area. Seniors with a Class XS license may take three antlered deer regardless of location. Only one antlered deer and no more than two total deer may be taken during the Archery and Mountaineer Heritage seasons combined in Logan, McDowell, Mingo and Wyoming counties.

Bear and Turkey

One black bear may be taken with a percussion side lock rifle or pistol, flintlock rifle or pistol, long bow or recurve bow during the Mountaineer Heritage Season. The bag limit of one bear will not count toward the hunter's annual Bear Season bag limit.

One either sex turkey may be taken with a percussion side lock rifle or pistol, flintlock rifle or pistol, muzzleloader shotgun, long bow or recurve bow during the Mountaineer Heritage Season. The bag limit of one turkey will not count toward the hunter's spring or fall turkey bag limits.

Resident and Nonresident Bear Hunting License Privileges

Two black bear may be taken during the archery; crossbow; Special Youth, Class Q and Class XS; and firearms seasons combined, provided that at least **one bear must be taken in Boone, Fayette, Kanawha, Logan, McDowell, Mingo, Raleigh or Wyoming counties**. No person may take more than one bear per day.

To hunt black bear, hunters must possess one of the following valid license combinations: resident license (Classes X+DS, Classes X3+DS, Classes XP+DS, Classes XP3+DS, Classes XJ+DS, Classes AHJ+DS, Class XS, Classes AB-L+DS, Classes A-L+DS, Classes A+CS+DS+BG or Classes AH+CS+DS+BG); or a free license (Military, Disabled Veteran, former POW, Senior Citizen or Class DT); or nonresident license (Classes EE+DS+CS/LE, Class DT or Class EE-L). Underage residents and resident landowners (see page 8) hunting on their own land may hunt bear without a license. Class DT license holders must be accompanied by a parent, guardian or, with written consent of the parent or guardian, any other competent licensed adult 21 years of age or older.

Additional licenses must be purchased:

- to hunt on National Forest lands: Class I or Class I-L (required for Class EE or Class EE-L).

Field Tagging, Checking and Transporting

Each person killing a bear must attach a completed field tag to the bear or remain with the bear and have upon their person a completed field tag before moving the carcass from where it was killed. A person who does not have a tag must make one. This tag must bear the hunter's name, address, hunting license number (if required) and the date, time and county of kill. Immediately upon arriving at a residence, camp, hunting lodge, vehicle or vessel, the field tag shall be attached to the bear and must remain on the carcass until it is tagged with a WVDNR-issued 13-digit game check confirmation number, issued when electronically registered.

A person killing a bear must, within 24 hours after the kill, electronically register the bear. The WVDNR-issued 13-digit game check confirmation number and the hunter's name and address must be affixed to the bear and shall remain on the skin until it is tanned or mounted.

No person may transport or possess wildlife killed by another hunter unless the wildlife or parts thereof is accompanied by a paper tag filled out legibly bearing the signature, address, date of kill, hunting license number (if required) and the WVDNR-issued 13-digit game check confirmation number (if required) of the hunter who killed the wildlife. The tag shall also specify the species and quantity of wildlife.

It is illegal to:

- hunt bears with the use of bait (includes, but not limited to, corn and other grains, animal carcasses or animal remains, grease, sugars in any form, scent attractants and other edible enticements, and an area is considered baited for 10 days after all bait has been removed).
- bait or feed bears at any time.
- hunt a bear with:
 - » a shotgun using ammunition loaded with more than one solid ball.
 - » a rifle of less than .25 caliber using rimfire ammunition.
 - » a pistol or revolver using a straight-walled case of less than .357 magnum cartridge or a bottlenecked case of less than .24 caliber.
 - » a muzzleloading pistol of less than .38 caliber.
 - » an air rifle less than .45 caliber and with a bullet of less than 200 grains.
 - » an air bow.
 - » a crossbow having more than one string.
 - » a crossbow that does not have:
 - › a draw weight of at least 125 pounds.
 - › a working safety.
 - › bolts and arrows at least 16 inches long, including the insert and the nock.
 - › broadheads with at least two sharp-cutting edges at least 3/4 inch in width.
 - › use an arrow with an explosive, drug-laced or poisoned head or shaft.
- hunt bear between 1/2 hour after sunset and 1/2 hour before sunrise.
- kill or attempt to kill or wound or attempt to wound any bear through the use of bait, poison, explosives, traps or deadfalls.
- shoot at or kill a bear weighing less than 75 pounds live weight or 50 pounds field dressed weight or to kill any bear accompanied by a cub or to kill any cub accompanied by another bear, regardless of its weight.
- kill more than one bear per day or more than two bears per year (excludes bear taken during Mountaineer Heritage Season and special urban bear season).
- organize for commercial purposes, or to professionally outfit a bear hunt, or to give or receive any consideration whatsoever or any donation in money, goods or services in connection with a bear hunt.
- for nonresidents to hunt bear with dogs, except in certain designated counties during the bear firearms season (see page 39). See page 5 for exception when tracking a mortally wounded bear.
- use an electronic call.

BEAR GENERAL REGULATIONS

Special Season Tomblin WMA

A special limited permit black bear hunt will be open Aug. 29 - Sept 7, 2026 in Logan and Mingo counties on the Tomblin Wildlife Management Area (WMA). Hunters must apply by July 31, 2026 (application must be submitted online). A permit will allow for one party of no more than four hunters and eight dogs to hunt on the WMA behind a designated gate for a two consecutive day period. Limited permits will be available for two groups of bear hunters using dogs and two non-dog hunters per each two-day period. Limited permits are non-transferable. Bear hunting will be closed to hunters not holding a valid permit during this period on the WMA.

Bear Dog Training

Training dogs on bears or pursuing bears with dogs is defined as the hunting of bear, and all applicable regulations and license requirements apply.

Training for nonresidents is permitted from Sept. 1-Mar. 31.

- It is unlawful for a person to permit a dog owned by him or under his control to chase, pursue or follow the tracks of any deer or wild turkey. See page 5 for exception when tracking a mortally wounded deer, bear, wild turkey or wild boar.
- Residents may train dogs on bear on private land with the landowner's written permission, or on public lands, at any time.
- Persons training dogs may not have firearms or other implements for the taking of wildlife in their possession during closed seasons on wild animals and birds, except that a person who is not prohibited from possessing firearms by law may carry a firearm for self-defense.
- A person may not be guilty of hunting without permission just because their dog, without their direction or encouragement, travels onto another person's land where they do not have permission to hunt, providing no game is taken, livestock or domestic animals killed or damage done to that property. Dogs may not be retrieved without the landowner's permission.
- No person other than the owner of a registered dog may remove a tag, collar or other identifying apparel, nor remove or turn off a radio transmitting collar without the permission of the owner, unless it is necessary to prevent or treat an injury to the dog or is done by a law-enforcement officer for law enforcement purposes.

CHAPTER 20 BEAR LAW VIOLATIONS

Bear hunting law violations are subject to fines up to \$5,000, imprisonment up to one year and hunting and fishing license suspension up to 10 years. Courts may not suspend these penalties. For more information, refer to Chapter 20 of the West Virginia State Code.

Special Split Youth, Class Q and Class XS Bear Season

This special split bear season will be open to youth less than 18 years old, Class Q holders and Class XS holders.

The first segment will be held Sept. 12-13, 2026, on private and public lands in all or parts of 26 counties open to bear hunting with or without dogs (see page 39). Bears may be hunted with or without dogs during this segment.

The second segment will be held Oct. 17-18, 2026, on private and public lands in 51 counties open to a firearms deer hunting season. The use of dogs is prohibited during this segment. See page 5 for exception when tracking a mortally wounded bear.

Daily bag limit is one bear that counts towards the hunter's annual bag limit. Two black bears may be taken during the archery; crossbow; Special Split Youth, Class Q and Class XS; and firearms seasons combined, provided that at least **one bear must be taken in Boone, Fayette, Kanawha, Logan, McDowell, Mingo, Raleigh or Wyoming counties.**

Reminder:

Youth hunters, even if exempt from purchasing a license, are required to report game checks on their own account.

Licensing Requirements

If a resident,

- Class Q permit plus one of the following:
 - » Class A license + CS + DS + BG, Class AH + CS + DS + BG or
 - » Classes X + DS, X3 + DS, XP + DS, XP3 + DS, XJ + DS, AHJ + DS, A-L + DS or AB-L + DS, XS or
 - » Be underage (less than 15 years old must be accompanied by a licensed adult) or
 - » Free license (Military, Disabled Veteran, former POW or Class DT)
- Youth ages 15-17 (requires Class XJ+DS or Class AHJ+DS)
- Underage (less than 15 years old must be accompanied by a licensed adult)
- Senior (Class XS)

If a nonresident,

- Class Q permit plus one of the following:
 - » Class EE license + Class CS/LE stamp + Class DS or
 - » Class EE-L license or
 - » Class DT
- Youth ages 8-17 (requires Class EE + CS/LE + DS or EE-L)

Hunters age 15-17 and Class Q holders are required to have a valid DS stamp, except for resident landowners hunting on their own land (see page 9).

See page 33 for general bear hunting regulations. See page 33 for field tagging, checking and transporting of bear.

HUNTERS ARE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT A FIRST PREMOLAR TOOTH FROM EACH BLACK BEAR THAT THEY KILL.

A person who kills a bear shall submit a first premolar tooth to the WVDNR by Jan. 31 of the year following the kill. The tooth should be secured to a card along with a label with the name and address of the hunter, date of kill, weapon used, whether dogs were used to kill the bear, county of kill and the 13-digit game check confirmation number, and either mailed or delivered to a WVDNR district office or the WVDNR Elkins Operation Center.

Locating the tooth

The first premolar teeth are located immediately behind the canine teeth (largest, sharpest teeth). There are four first premolar teeth (two on top, two on bottom) and any of those four teeth will meet the mandatory tooth submission requirement.

The tip of the black knife blade in the photographs is pointing to two of the first premolar teeth. The photo on the left shows the first upper premolar (one on each side of the jaw). The photo on the right shows the first lower premolar (one on each side of the jaw). The tooth is very small and can be easily broken when trying to remove it from the jaw.



First upper premolar



First lower premolar

In order for the tooth to be used for aging purposes, it must be unbroken. If you break a tooth trying to remove it from the jaw, there are three others that can be submitted. Hunters are encouraged to remove two or more teeth from their bear in the event that a tooth is lost in the mail. The skull of your bear will not be used in any mount (half mount, full mount, rug) that you have made and removing these teeth will not damage the skull itself.



First premolar tooth after extraction showing a complete unbroken tooth with root intact.

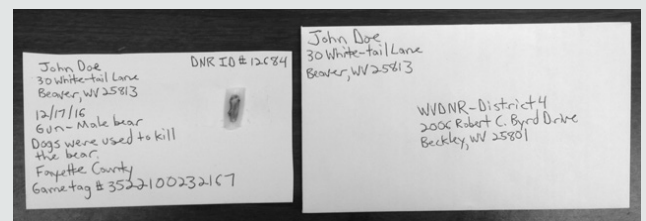
Removing the tooth

The first premolar teeth are most easily extracted when the bear is freshly killed (not frozen). Hunters are encouraged to remove the tooth (or teeth) as soon as the bear is killed and before the skull and hide are frozen. In addition, hunters are reminded that the tooth from their bear must be received by the WVDNR by Jan. 31 of the year following the kill.

The easiest way to remove a first premolar tooth is to use a knife with a wide blade. Cut the skin around the tooth (gum). Then, place the back of the knife blade (the unsharpened side) against the large canine tooth and the sharpened edge against the first premolar tooth. Use the back of the knife blade (the unsharpened side) and the canine tooth for leverage to roll the first premolar tooth out of the bear's jaw.

Submitting the tooth

Hunters may mail or deliver the tooth from their bear to any WVDNR district office or the WVDNR Elkins Operations Center (mailing information can be found on the inside of the front cover of the Hunting and Trapping Regulations Summary). If mailing a tooth, hunters can get a pre-addressed envelope provided by the WVDNR at all district offices and the Elkins Operations Center.



Example of properly labeled bear tooth

If hunters do not have an envelope provided by WVDNR, the tooth should be secured to a card along with a label with the name and address of the hunter, date of kill, weapon used, whether dogs were used to kill the bear, county of kill, WVDNR ID number and 13-digit game check confirmation number. The card with the tooth attached should then be placed in an envelope and either mailed or delivered to a WVDNR district office or the WVDNR Elkins Operation Center by January 31 of the year following the kill.

BEAR ARCHERY AND CROSSBOW SEASONS

Daily Bag Limit: 1

Statewide: September 26, 2026–December 31, 2026

No person may take more than two bears annually during the archery; crossbow; Special Youth, Class Q and Class XS; and firearms seasons combined, provided at least **one bear must be taken in Boone, Fayette, Kanawha, Logan, McDowell, Mingo, Raleigh or Wyoming counties**. Only one bear may be taken per day.

The use of dogs for bear hunting is illegal during the bear archery and crossbow seasons (see page 5 for exception for tracking a mortally wounded bear). A bow or a crossbow may be substituted for a firearm during the bear firearms season while hunting with dogs in counties where hunting with dogs is legal (see page 39).

Bear hunters are required to wear at least 400 square inches of blaze orange over his or her outer clothing while hunting in a county or part thereof open during a deer firearms or muzzleloader season. This does not apply to waterfowl hunters and persons engaged in farming activities on their own land.

Urban Deer/Bear Archery/ Crossbow Split Season

A special archery/crossbow deer/bear hunting split season is available between Sept. 5–Dec. 31, 2026, and Jan. 11–31, 2027, to incorporated cities, towns, villages and incorporated homeowner associations. One bear may be taken during this season. Deer and bear taken in the Urban Deer/Bear Archery/Crossbow Season shall not apply to the hunter's regular archery and crossbow seasons bag limits. A valid DS stamp is required, except for underage resident and resident landowners hunting on their own land. See page 26 for additional details and dates.



HUNTING & FISHING DAY

September 19, 2026

Stonewall Resort State Park

Roanoke, West Virginia

West Virginia's biggest hunting and fishing show is returning to Stonewall Resort State Park this fall for an action-packed day of hands-on outdoor recreation demonstrations and the Outdoor Youth Challenge, which gives kids a chance to win a lifetime hunting and fishing license. Perfect for hunters, anglers and outdoor enthusiasts of any age.

Don't miss out!

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BEAR ARCHERY AND CROSSBOW SEASONS

Help THE WVDNR Monitor Black Bear Reproductive Rates

The first 100 hunters who submit a complete female black bear reproductive tract are eligible to receive a \$20 gift card from the WVDNR.

Requirements for receiving a gift card

Hunters are asked to send the following to the Elkins Operations Center or nearest WVDNR district office (phone numbers listed below):

- A complete reproductive tract with both forks of the uterus to the point where they attach and form a “Y” (see photo below).
- Label the reproductive tract with the hunter’s name and address, phone number, WVDNR ID number, date of kill, whether dogs were used to kill the bear, county of kill and 13-digit game check confirmation number.
- Submit a premolar tooth (in addition to the tooth submitted to the WVDNR, required by law for aging purposes).

Gift cards will be mailed two to three months after the close of the hunting season.

BEAR REPRODUCTIVE TRACT COLLECTION

West Virginia Wildlife Biologists are continuing to collect female bear reproductive tracts. Information from these tracts, as well as a premolar tooth from each bear, will reveal such data as breeding ages of females, number of cubs produced, age structure of the female population and reproductive success. Please help us obtain as much information as possible by following the outlined procedures.

You may call any WVDNR district office or the Elkins Operations Center for assistance.

- **District 1:** (304) 825-6787
- **District 2:** (304) 822-3551
- **District 3:** (304) 924-6211
- **District 4:** (304) 256-6947
- **District 5:** (304) 756-1023
- **District 6:** (304) 420-4550
- **Elkins Operations Center:** (304) 637-0245

Procedures

1. Open bear abdominal cavity.
2. Move intestines aside.
3. Locate bladder.
4. Note uterus under bladder, over large intestine.
5. Remove uterus and ovaries by carefully cutting them free of fat and connective tissue. Be certain to get both ovaries which are each about the size of an acorn. They may be buried in large amounts of fat.
6. Put in plastic bag and place in a refrigerator or freezer, and notify WVDNR personnel at any district office location or the Elkins Operations Center (contact information is on the inside cover of the 2026-2027 Hunting and Trapping Regulations Summary).



Above: A reproductive tract before removal with both ovaries and a complete uterus. **Below:** A complete reproductive tract with both ovaries and a complete uterus.



BEAR FIREARMS SEASON

Daily Bag Limit: 1

May Hunt Bear Without Dogs*

Two bears may be taken during the bear firearms season provided that at least one **bear must be taken in Boone, Fayette, Kanawha, Logan, McDowell, Mingo, Raleigh or Wyoming counties.** Only one bear may be taken per day. No person may take more than two bears annually in archery, crossbow and firearms seasons combined.

Bear hunters are required to wear at least 400 square inches of blaze orange over his or her outer clothing while hunting in a county or part thereof during a deer firearms or muzzleloader season. This does not apply to waterfowl hunters and persons engaged in farming activities on their own land.

A bow or a crossbow may be substituted for a firearm during bear firearms season.

September 19-25	October 22-25 Public and Private Land (portions of counties open to antlerless deer hunting)		November 23-December 31		November 23-December 6
Barbour <i>(West of Route 92 and Route 250 from Belington to southern border of Barbour County)</i>	Barbour <i>(West of Route 92 and Route 250 from Belington to southern border of Barbour County)</i>	Marshall	Barbour <i>(West of Route 92 and Route 250 from Belington to southern border of Barbour County)</i>	Mercer	Boone
Braxton <i>(West of I-79)</i>	Berkeley	Mason	Berkeley	Mineral <i>(East of New Creek)</i>	Fayette
Calhoun	Boone	Mercer	Braxton <i>(West of I-79)</i>	Monongalia	Gilmer
Clay <i>(North of Elk River)</i>	Braxton <i>(West of I-79)</i>	Mineral <i>(East of New Creek)</i>	Brooke	Monroe <i>(West of Route 219)</i>	Kanawha
Harrison	Brooke	Monongalia	Cabell	Morgan	Raleigh
Lewis	Cabell	Monroe <i>(West of Route 219)</i>	Calhoun	Ohio	Ritchie
Mercer	Calhoun	Morgan	Clay <i>(North of Elk River)</i>	Pleasants	
Monongalia	Clay <i>(North of Elk River)</i>	Ohio	Doddridge	Putnam	
Monroe <i>(West of Route 219)</i>	Doddridge	Pleasants	Hampshire	Roane	
Roane	Fayette	Putnam	Hancock	Summers	
Summers	Gilmer	Raleigh	Harrison	Taylor	
Taylor	Hampshire	Ritchie	Jackson	Tyler	
Upshur <i>(West of Route 20)</i>	Hancock	Roane	Jefferson	Upshur <i>(West of Route 20)</i>	
	Harrison	Summers	Lewis	Wayne	
	Jackson	Taylor	Lincoln	Wetzel	
	Jefferson	Tyler	Marion	Wirt	
	Kanawha	Upshur <i>(West of Route 20)</i>	Marshall	Wood	
	Lewis	Wayne	Mason		
	Lincoln	Wetzel			
	Marion	Wirt			
		Wood			

* See page 5 for exception for tracking mortally wounded bear.

BEAR FIREARMS SEASON

May Hunt Bear With Or Without Dogs

December 7-31		October 3-9 and December 7-31	August 29-September 7 and December 7-31
Barbour (East of Route 92 or south of U.S. Route 33) Braxton (East of I-79) Clay (South of Elk River) Gilmer Grant Greenbrier Hardy Mineral (West of New Creek)	Monroe (East of Route 219) Nicholas Pendleton Pocahontas Preston Randolph Ritchie Tucker Upshur (East of Route 20) Webster	Boone Fayette Kanawha Raleigh	Logan McDowell Mingo Wyoming

REPORT HARVESTED TAGGED BEARS TO THE WVDNR

All bears caught and released in West Virginia are marked in both ears with silver metal tags that are 1.5 inches long. Some bears also may have round plastic tags that are either black or orange. Tagged bears also will typically have a tattoo on their upper lip with a number that matches their ear tag. Some black bears will also have a tracking collar around their neck. If you harvest a tagged bear, please call your nearest WVDNR district office to report the tag number and return the collar (if it is wearing one). The WVDNR district office will be able to tell you when that animal was immobilized and confirm that it is safe to eat.



Top left: plastic ear tag
Bottom left: metal ear tag
Above: tracking collar

Resident and Nonresident Turkey Hunting License Privileges

Three wild turkey may be taken by hunters who possess one of the following valid base licenses or license combinations: resident license (Class X, Class X3, Class XP, Class XP3, Class XJ, Class AHJ, Class XS, Class AB-L, Class A-L, Classes A+CS+BG, Classes AH+CS+BG); or a free license (Military, Disabled Veteran, former POW, Class DT or Senior Citizen); or nonresident license (Classes E+CS/LE+WW, Classes AAH+CS/LE+WW, Classes XXJ+CS/LE, Classes AAHJ+CS/LE, Class DT or Class E-L + WW-L or WW). Class DT license holders must be accompanied by a properly licensed parent, guardian or other designated competent adult 21 years of age or older. Underage residents and resident landowners hunting on their own land (see page 8) may take three turkeys without a license. Two bearded turkeys may be taken in the spring and one either-sex turkey in the fall. No more than one turkey may be taken per day.

Additional licenses must be purchased:

- to hunt on national forest lands: Class I or Class I-L (required for Class E, Class E-L or Class AAH).

Resident Landowner Privileges:

West Virginia resident landowners (see page 8) may hunt on their own land without obtaining a license.

Resident landowners hunting on their own property without a license can take the same number of turkeys as a licensed hunter. A hunter (licensee or landowner) cannot take more than the number of turkeys allowed in the respective seasons.

Firearms, air rifles, muzzleloaders, crossbows and bows legal for hunting wild turkey:

Wild turkey may be hunted with rifles, air rifles .22 caliber or larger, handguns, muzzleloaders, shotguns, bows or crossbows with arrows or bolts equipped with a point having at least two sharp-cutting edges measuring in excess of 3/4 inch wide (see exception for Youth Spring Gobbler Season on page 42).

Field Tagging, Checking and Transporting

Each person killing a turkey must either attach a completed field tag to the turkey or remain with the turkey and have upon their person a completed field tag before removing the carcass from where it was killed. A person who does not possess a field tag must make one. This tag must bear the hunter's name, address, hunting license number (if required) and the date, time and county of kill. Immediately upon arriving at a residence, camp, hunting lodge, vehicle or vessel, the field tag shall be attached to the turkey and must remain on the carcass until it is electronically registered and a WVDNR-issued 13-digit game check confirmation number, the hunter's name and address are attached.

The carcass of each turkey shall be electronically registered and legally tagged before it is skinned and within 72 hours from when it was killed or 24 hours from the close of the respective season, whichever comes first. The WVDNR-issued 13-digit game check confirmation number and the hunter's name and address shall remain on the bird until it is dressed for consumption.

No person may transport or possess wildlife killed by another hunter, unless the wildlife or parts thereof are accompanied by a paper tag filled out legibly bearing the signature, address, date of kill, hunting license number (if required) and the WVDNR-issued 13-digit game check confirmation number (if required) of the hunter who killed the wildlife. The tag shall also specify the species and quantity of wildlife.

SPECIAL YOUTH SEASONS

Class Q and Class XS license holders are not eligible for these youth seasons.

Squirrel: Sept. 5-6, 2026

Youth hunters under the age of 15 must be accompanied by a licensed adult. The accompanying adult cannot carry a gun or a bow and must remain near enough to the youth to render advice and assistance. The adult assisting a youth hunter during any special youth season may handle the hunter's firearm to provide safe handling advice and help. Youth hunters age 15-17 must comply with all licensing requirements (see page 44).

Turkey: April 17-18, 2027

See page 42.

Waterfowl: Sept. 19 and Oct. 31, 2026

See West Virginia Migratory Bird Hunting Regulations available in August for details.

TURKEY 2026 FALL SEASON

Season Limit: 1

Shooting hours: 1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset.

Only one either-sex turkey may be taken during the fall hunting season with either bow, crossbow or gun.

The use of dogs is legal during the fall turkey season.

It is illegal to:

- hunt with an air rifle less than .22 caliber
- use electronic calls
- hunt with the use of bait

Attention: If you harvest a wild turkey hen with a leg band, please call Mike Peters at the WVDNR Farmington office at (304) 825-6787 to report the band number.

October 10-18		October 10-18 and October 26-November 1		October 10-18 and October 26-November 15
Barbour	McDowell	Brooke	Monongalia	Berkeley
Boone	Mercer	Hancock	Ohio	Grant
Braxton	Mingo	Harrison	Pleasants	Greenbrier
Cabell	Raleigh	Jackson	Preston	Hampshire
Calhoun	Ritchie	Marion	Putnam	Hardy
Clay	Roane	Marshall	Taylor	Mineral
Doddridge	Summers	Mason	Tyler	Monroe
Fayette	Wayne		Upshur	Morgan
Gilmer	Wetzel		Wood	Nicholas
Jefferson	Wirt			Pendleton
Kanawha	Wyoming			Pocahontas
Lewis				Randolph
Lincoln				Tucker
Logan				Webster



COMMON VIOLATIONS

Following are the most common violations observed by WVDNR police officers during the turkey hunting seasons:

- Hunting over bait
- Hunting without license
- Improper license
- Making false application for license
- Exceeding the limits
- Failure to field tag turkey
- Illegal possession of wildlife
- Hunting without permission

Reward

Reward for information leading to arrest and conviction of person found guilty of:

- illegally killing a turkey - \$200

Sponsored by: West Virginia Chapter of National Wild Turkey Federation

TURKEY 2027 SPRING GOBBLER SEASON

Season Limit: 2 bearded turkeys

Statewide: April 19–May 23, 2027

Shooting hours: 1/2 hour before sunrise to 1 p.m.

It is illegal to:

- have an uncased firearm, bow or crossbow in your possession in the woods after 1 p.m.
- hunt with dogs. See page 5 for exception when tracking a mortally wounded wild turkey.
- use electronic calls
- hunt with the use of bait
- take more than one bearded turkey per day
- hunt with an air rifle less than .22 caliber

Spring Gobbler Survey

The Division of Natural Resources conducts an annual Spring Gobbler Survey. Spring turkey hunters interested in participating in the survey should contact WVDNR at:

The Game Management Services Office

Elkins Operations Center
P.O. Box 67 • Elkins, WV 26241
(304) 637-0245

Youth Spring Gobbler Season

A special two-day youth spring gobbler season will be held on Saturday and Sunday, April 17 and 18, 2027. **Class Q and Class XS license holders are not eligible.**

The daily bag limit for the youth spring wild turkey season is one bearded turkey and the possession limit for the youth spring wild turkey season is two bearded turkeys, which does count as part of the annual turkey bag limit. Only shotguns, bows or crossbows with arrows or bolts equipped with a point having at least two sharp-cutting edges measuring in excess of 3/4 inch wide are legal.

Youth hunters:

- must be less than 18 years old; youth hunters age 15-17 must comply with all licensing requirements (see page 44).
- less than 15 years old must be accompanied by a licensed adult who cannot carry a gun, crossbow or a bow and must remain close enough to render advice and assistance. An adult assisting a youth hunter during any special youth season may handle the hunter's firearm to provide safe handling advice and help.

and, if a nonresident,

- possess a Class XXJ license + CS/LE stamp, Class AAHJ+CS/LE stamp or Class E-L + WW-L or WW.

Nonresident adults accompanying youth hunters must possess Class E+WW+CS/LE licenses or Class E-L + WW-L or WW and if hunting on National Forest lands, a Class I or Class I-L stamp.

Reminder: Youth hunters, even if exempt from purchasing a license, are required to report game checks on their own account.

Claudia L. Workman Wildlife Education Center

OPEN Tuesday-Saturday | 9 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.
301 Forks of Coal Way • Alum Creek, WV

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WILD BOAR ARCHERY, CROSSBOW AND FIREARMS SEASONS

Season Limit: 1 **Split Seasons – Archery and Crossbow: Sept. 26-Dec.31, 2026, and Feb. 5-7, 2027**
Split Seasons – Firearms: Oct. 24-31, 2026, and Feb. 5-7, 2027

Wild Boar Hunting License Privileges

Residents Only – No Application Required

To hunt wild boar, hunters must possess one of the following base licenses or license combinations: Class X, Class X3, Class XP, Class XP3, Class XJ, Class AHJ, Class XS, Class AB-L, Class A-L or Classes A+BG+CS Classes AH+BG+CS; or a free license (Military, Disabled Veteran, former POW, Senior Citizen or Class DT). Underage residents and resident landowners hunting on their own land may hunt wild boar without a license. Holders of Class DT licenses must be accompanied by a parent, guardian, or with written consent of the parent or guardian, or any other competent licensed adult 21 years of age or older.

Regulations

Shooting hours:

1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset.

Wild boar may be taken during wild boar seasons with a bow, a crossbow or with firearms legal in West Virginia for taking deer (see page 11).

Any person lawfully entitled to hunt may hunt wild boar with an air rifle .45 caliber or larger and a bullet of 200 grains or greater. Any person hunting with an air rifle is subject to all other rifle and firearm hunting regulations, except that air rifles may be discharged within 500 feet of a dwelling.

Use of dogs and/or bait is prohibited. See page 5 for exception when tracking a mortally wounded wild boar.

Use of electronic calls is prohibited.

Only one wild boar may be taken per year.

Concurrent Hunting

Concurrent hunting of small game is permitted during wild boar seasons. Concurrent hunting of deer and bear, in counties where legal, is permitted during wild boar seasons.

Wild boar hunters are required to wear at least 400 square inches of blaze orange over his or her outer clothing while hunting in a county or part thereof open during a deer firearms or muzzleloader season. This does not apply to waterfowl hunters and persons engaged in farming activities on their own land.

Field Tagging and Checking

Each person killing a wild boar must attach a completed field tag to the wild boar or remain with the boar and have upon their person a completed field tag before moving the carcass from where it was killed. A person who does not have a tag must make one. This tag must bear the hunter's name, address, hunting license number (if required) and the date, time and county of kill. Immediately upon arriving at a residence, camp, hunting lodge, vehicle or vessel, the field tag shall be attached to the wild boar and must remain on the carcass until it is tagged with a WVDNR-issued 13-digit game check confirmation number, issued when electronically registered.

All wild boar killed must be electronically registered within 24 hours of harvest. The WVDNR-issued 13-digit game check confirmation number and the hunter's name and address shall remain on the wild boar until it is dressed for consumption.

Wild Boar Split Seasons Counties

Boone, Logan, Raleigh and Wyoming counties are open to wild boar archery, crossbow and firearms seasons.



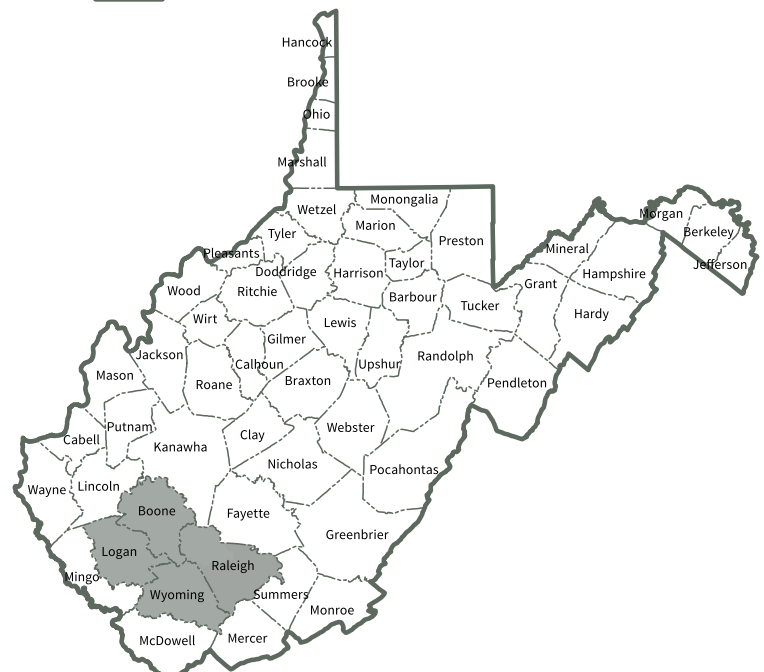
Archery and Crossbow:

Sept. 26-Dec. 31, 2026, and Feb. 5-7, 2027

Firearms: Oct. 24-31, 2026, and Feb. 5-7, 2027



Closed: to all wild boar hunting



LICENSES VALID BASE AND COMBINATIONS

Hunter Type	Deer Archery and Crossbow	Deer Buck Firearms	Deer Antlerless	Deer Muzzleloader	Black Bear	Wild Turkey	Wild Boar
Resident	A-L	A-L	A-L+N	A-L	A-L+DS	A-L	A-L
	AB-L	AB-L	AB-L+N	AB-L	AB-L+DS	AB-L	AB-L
	X	X	X+N	X	X+DS	X	X
	X3	X3	X3+N	X3	X3+DS	X3	X3
	XP	XP	XP+N	XP	XP+DS	XP	XP
	XP3	XP3	XP3+N	XP3	XP3+DS	XP3	XP3
	XJ	XJ	XJ+N	XJ	XJ+DS	XJ	XJ
	XS**	XS**	XS**+N	XS**	XS**	XS**	XS**
	A+CS+BG	A+CS	A+CS+N	A+CS+BG	A+CS+DS+BG	A+CS+BG	A+CS+BG
	AH+CS+BG	AH+CS	AH+CS+N	AH+CS+BG	AH+CS+DS+BG	AH+CS+BG	AH+CS+BG
	AHJ	AHJ	AHJ+N	AHJ	AHJ+DS	AHJ	AHJ
	Free License*	Free License*	Free License*	Free License*	Free License*	Free License*	Free License*
	One of the above + up to two RBs for additional deer in specified counties	One of the above + an RG for one additional buck	May purchase up to three Class N stamps to be used in specified counties	One of the above + an RM for one additional muzzleloader deer			
Nonresident	DT	DT	DT	DT	DT	DT	DT
	E+CS/LE+UU	E+CS/LE	E+CS/LE+NN	E+CS/LE+VV	EE + CS/LE + DS or EE-L required by all nonresidents, except for Class DT holders.	E+CS/LE+WW	Closed
	E-L + UU-L or UU	E-L	E-L + NN	E-L + VV-L or VV		E-L + WW-L or WW	
	XXJ+CS/LE	XXJ+CS/LE	XXJ+CS/LE+NN	XXJ+CS/LE		XXJ+CS/LE	
	AAH+CS/LE+UU	AAH+CS/LE	AAH+CS/LE+NN	AAH+CS/LE+VV		AAH+CS/LE+WW	
	AAHJ+CS/LE	AAHJ+CS/LE	AAHJ+CS/LE+NN	AAHJ+CS/LE		AAHJ+CS/LE	
	One of the above + up to two RRBs for additional deer in specified counties	One of the above + an RRG for one additional buck	May purchase up to three Class NN stamps to be used in specified counties	One of the above + an RRM for one additional muzzleloader deer			
	DT	DT	DT	DT	DT	DT	DT

* Free Licenses include: Active Military, Senior Citizen [65 or older who reached that age before Jan. 1, 2012, (i.e. those born before Jan. 1, 1947)], former POW, Disabled Veteran and underage.

** Class XS required for those who have attained the age of 65 on or after Jan. 1, 2012, to hunt, trap or fish.

See pages 45-47 for complete license information. For Class DT license information, see page 9.

Purchasing a License in 2026-2027

Licenses may be obtained as follows:

- At approximately 175 retail agent locations throughout the state and designated county clerks offices. (\$3 issuing fee for first purchase and \$1 for subsequent purchases.)
- WVhunt.com**
(Official WVDNR website – \$2 fee per transaction.)
- Directly from the Hunting and Fishing License Unit by phone at (304) 558-6200. (\$2 fee per transaction.)



For additional information, please contact:

Hunting and Fishing License Unit

West Virginia Division of Natural Resources
State Capitol, Building 4
112 California Avenue
Charleston, West Virginia 25305
(304) 558-6200
wvdnrcustomerservice@wv.gov

The WVDNR has the authority under Federal Welfare Reform Legislation (Title 42 of the U.S. Code Section 666 (a) (13)) to collect the Social Security Number from an applicant for a recreational license such as a fishing and hunting license. This facilitates collection of child support payments. States failing to collect a SSN could face loss of federal welfare funds. The DNR takes every precaution, including encryption and masking, to protect your SSN.

LICENSES 2026-2027 HUNTING AND TRAPPING FEES

Residents

Under the age of 15

may hunt or trap without a license when accompanied by a licensed adult who remains in a position near enough to render advice and assistance.

Licenses required:

- to hunt antlerless deer: Class N
- to hunt additional deer: Class RG (buck), RM (muzzleloader season), RB (archery and crossbow)

65 or older who reached that age before January 1, 2012 (those born before Jan. 1, 1947)

- must carry a West Virginia driver's license or photo ID card issued by the DMV to hunt, trap or fish.

Licenses required:

- to hunt antlerless deer: Class N
- to hunt additional deer: Class RG (buck), RM (muzzleloader season), RB (archery and crossbow)
- to hunt waterfowl: Federal Migratory Waterfowl Stamp
- to hunt waterfowl or migratory birds: free HIP card

65 years of age or older, who have attained that age on or after January 1, 2012 (those born on or after Jan. 1, 1947)

Licenses required:

- to hunt or trap: Class XS
- to hunt antlerless deer: Class N*
- to hunt additional deer: Class RG (buck), RM (muzzleloader season), RB (archery and crossbow)
- to hunt waterfowl: Federal Migratory Waterfowl Stamp
- to hunt waterfowl or migratory birds: free HIP card

** Not required during the Special Split Youth, Class Q and Class XS Antlerless Deer Seasons, see page 27.*

Hunting, trapping and fishing Licenses are good for the calendar year. You must purchase new licenses at the beginning of each year. All licensed hunters must carry a valid form of picture identification while hunting/trapping.

Resident Licenses

Conservation Stamp(Class CS):\$5
Required for licensed hunters and anglers with Class A, AH, B and L licenses

Hunting and Trapping (Class A):\$19

Apprentice Hunting and Trapping License (Class AH):.....\$19
Same privileges as Class A, but completion of hunter safety course not required (see page 4)

Sportsman Hunting/Fishing/Trapping (Class X):\$35
For ages 18 through 64. Includes privileges of Conservation Stamp, Class A, B and BG licenses

Sportsman Hunting/Fishing/Trapping Plus (Class XP):\$45
Annual license that also includes the trout stamp

Sportsman Hunting/Fishing/Trapping 3-year (Class X3):.....\$105
A three-year Sportsman license

Sportsman Hunting/Fishing/Trapping Plus 3-year (Class XP3):.....\$135
A three-year Sportsman license that also includes the trout stamp

Junior Sportsman Hunting/Fishing/Trapping (Class XJ): ...\$16
Similar to Class X, but for ages 15 through 17

Apprentice Junior Sportsman Hunting/Trapping/ Fishing (Class AHJ):.....\$16
Same privileges as Class XJ, for ages 15-17 and completion of hunter safety course not required (see page 4)

Antlerless Deer Hunting Stamp (Class N):..... \$10
Must be accompanied by a Class A, AH, AHJ, A-L, AB-L, X, X3, XP, XP3, XS, XJ or free license

Additional Archery Deer Hunting Stamp (Class RB):.....\$21
Must be accompanied by a Class A+BG, AH+BG, AHJ, A-L, AB-L, X, X3, XP, XP3, XS, XJ or free license. Required by crossbow hunters for an additional deer. The Class RB stamp must be purchased prior to the opening of the statewide archery season.

Additional Firearms Deer Hunting Stamp (Class RG):.....\$21
Must be accompanied by a Class A, AH, AHJ, A-L, AB-L, X, X3, XP, XP3, XS, XJ or free license. The Class RG stamp must be purchased prior to the opening of buck firearms season.

Additional Muzzleloader Deer Hunting Stamp Class RM):.....\$16
Must be accompanied by a Class A+BG, AH+BG, AHJ, A-L, AB-L, X, X3, XP, XP3, XS, XJ or free license. The Class RM stamp must be purchased prior to the opening of the muzzleloader season.

Resident Big Game Stamp (Class BG): \$10
Required of Class A or AH license holders to hunt deer during the archery, crossbow and muzzleloader deer seasons, and to hunt bear (must also have Class DS), wild turkey and wild boar.

LICENSES 2026-2027 HUNTING AND TRAPPING FEES

Resident Lifetime Licenses

Resident lifetime hunting, trapping and fishing licenses serve in lieu of the equivalent annual license; applications are available at WVDNR offices, license agents and online at WVdnr.gov.

Resident seniors who previously have made a resident purchase through a license agent or at a WVDNR office may buy a senior lifetime license at a license agent, at a WVDNR office or online at WVdnr.gov. Nonresident, full-time students of any West Virginia college or university are eligible to purchase resident lifetime licenses.

Combination Hunting, Trapping and Fishing (Class AB-L): \$805

Combination Hunting, Trapping and Fishing - Child (Class AB-L)*:.....

Under age 1: \$322.00

Age 1 to under 5: \$442.75

Age 5 to under 10: \$603.75

Age 10 to under 15: \$724.50

Hunting and Trapping (Class A-L):..... \$782

Hunting and Trapping - Child (Class A-L)*:.....

Under age 1: \$312.80

Age 1 to under 5: \$430.10

Age 5 to under 10: \$586.50

Age 10 to under 15: \$703.80

Senior Hunting/Trapping/Fishing License (Class XS):..... \$25

Required for resident hunters and anglers 65 or older who reached that age on or after Jan. 1, 2012 (those born on or after Jan. 1, 1947), except holders of Class A-L and AB-L licenses, which still require other stamp purchases (for example, bear damage and trout stamps). Class XS license includes bear damage and trout stamps.

Class BG License and Conservation Stamp not required with the Class AB-L, A-L and XS Lifetime Licenses.

** The above lifetime license fee schedule for a child under 15 also applies to children who have been legally adopted or legally placed in foster care. Conservation Stamp not required.*

Resident/Nonresident Licenses

Bear Damage Stamp (Class DS): \$10

Required to hunt or chase bear. Must be accompanied by Class A+BG, AH+BG, AHJ, A-L, AB-L, EE, X, 3, XP, XP3, XJ or C license.

Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program (HIP):..... FREE

Required of all licensed migratory bird hunters

Special Hunting and Fishing License for Persons with a Life-threatening Condition (Class DT): FREE

Issued for ages 20 or less. Requires no additional licenses or stamps.

Nonresident Licenses

Conservation/Law Enforcement Stamp (Class CS/LE): \$13

Required for licensed hunters and anglers with Class E, AAH, EE+DS, H, F, LL, XXJ and AAHJ licenses

National Forest Hunting/Trapping/Fishing Stamp (Class I):..... \$2

Required if hunting or trapping on National Forests in addition to a Class E, AAH, EE+DS, H, E-L and EE-L

Statewide Hunting /Trapping License (Class E): \$119

Apprentice Hunting/Trapping License (Class AAH): \$119

Same privileges as Class E, but completion of hunter safety course not required (see page 4).

Junior Sportsman Hunting/Trapping/Fishing License (Class XXJ):..... \$16

Ages 8-17 (not required for fishing under age 15). Includes privileges of Class I, UU, VV and WW stamps.

Apprentice Junior Sportsman Hunting/Trapping/Fishing License (Class AAHJ):..... \$16

Same privileges as Class XXJ, for youth under 18 years old; and completion of hunter safety course not required (see page 4).

Bear Hunting License (Class EE):..... \$162

Small Game Hunting License (Class H):..... \$27

Six consecutive days. Must have CS/LE stamp.

Antlerless Deer Hunting Stamp (Class NN): \$27

Must be accompanied by a Class E, AAH, AAHJ, XXJ or E-L license

Additional Archery Deer Hunting Stamp (Class RRB):..... \$37

Must be accompanied by a Class E +UU, AAH+UU, AAHJ, XXJ or E-L + UU-L or UU license. Required by crossbow hunters for an additional deer. The Class RRB stamp must be purchased prior to the opening of the statewide archery season.

Additional Firearms Deer Hunting Stamp (Class RRG):..... \$43

Must be accompanied by a Class E, AAH, AAHJ, XXJ or E-L license. The Class RRG stamp must be purchased prior to the opening of buck firearms season.

Additional Muzzleloader Deer Hunting Stamp

(Class RRM): \$37

Must be accompanied by a Class E+VV, AAH+VV, AAHJ, XXJ or E-L + VV-L or VV license. The Class RRM stamp must be purchased prior to the opening of the muzzleloader season.

Archery Deer Hunting Stamp (Class UU):..... \$32

Must be accompanied by a Class E, AAH or E-L license. Required to hunt during the Archery and Crossbow Seasons.

Muzzleloader Deer Hunting Stamp (Class VV): \$32

Must be accompanied by a Class E, AAH or E-L license

Turkey Hunting Stamp (Class WW): \$32

Must be accompanied by a Class E, AAH or E-L license

Commercial Small Game Shooting Preserve License (Class J):..... \$10

Class CS/LE stamp not required with this license. Available only at WVdnr.gov.

LICENSES 2026-2027 HUNTING AND TRAPPING FEES

Nonresident Lifetime Licenses

Nonresident lifetime hunting, trapping and fishing licenses serve in lieu of the equivalent annual license; applications are available at WVDNR offices, license agents and online at WVdnr.gov.

Combination Hunting and Trapping License

(Class E-L)¹: \$3,036

Combination Hunting and Trapping License - Child (Class E-L)¹:

Under age 1: \$1,214.40

Age 1 to under 5: \$1,669.80

Age 5 to under 10: \$2,277

Age 10 to under 15: \$2,732.40

Bear Hunting and Bear Damage Stamp

(Class EE-L)²: \$4,255

Bear Hunting and Bear Damage Stamp - Child (Class EE-L)²:

Under age 1: \$1,702

Age 1 to under 5: \$2,340.25

Age 5 to under 10: \$3,191.25

Age 10 to under 15: \$3,829.50

Fishing License (Class F-L)²: \$1,150

Fishing License - Child (Class F-L)²:

Under age 1: \$460

Age 1 to under 5: \$632.50

Age 5 to under 10: \$862.50

Age 10 to under 15: \$1,035

Trout Stamp (Class OO-L)*: \$368

Trout Stamp - Child (Class OO-L)*:

Under age 1: \$147.20

Age 1 to under 5: \$202.40

Age 5 to under 10: \$276

Age 10 to under 15: \$331.20

Archery Hunting (Class UU-L)**: \$736

Archery Hunting - Child (Class UU-L)**:

Under age 1: \$294.40

Age 1 to under 5: \$404.80

Age 5 to under 10: \$552

Age 10 to under 15: \$662.40

Muzzleloader (Class VV-L)**: \$736

Muzzleloader - Child (Class VV-L)**:

Under age 1: \$294.40

Age 1 to under 5: \$404.80

Age 5 to under 10: \$552

Age 10 to under 15: \$662.40

Turkey Hunting (Class WW-L)**: \$736

Turkey Hunting - Child (Class WW-L)**:

Under age 1: \$294.40

Age 1 to under 5: \$404.80

Age 5 to under 10: \$552

Age 10 to under 15: \$662.40

National Forest Stamp (Class I-L)**: \$46

National Forest Stamp - Child (Class I-L)**:

Under age 1: \$18.40

Age 1 to under 5: \$25.30

Age 5 to under 10: \$34.50

Age 10 to under 15: \$41.40

Duplicate Lifetime License (Class LRP-NR): \$6

¹ License allows for firearms hunting of deer and small game and trapping. Antlerless deer firearms hunting requires the annual purchase of Class NN stamp. Conservation Stamp (Class CS/LE) is included.

² Conservation Stamp (Class CS/LE) is included.

* Requires Class F or Class F-L license

** Requires Class E-L license

*** Requires Class E-L, Class EE-L or Class F-L license



The Dingell-Johnson Sport Fish Restoration Act of 1950 and the 1984 Wallop-Breaux Amendment created the Sport Fish Restoration Program, which collects excise taxes from fishing gear manufacturers and federal fuel taxes from motorboats, depositing them into a dedicated trust fund. These funds are distributed to states based on water surface area and the number of fishing licenses sold. In West Virginia, these resources support fish stocking, habitat improvement and biological monitoring of diverse aquatic species. The program also finances the development and renovation of boat ramps, cleaning stations and parking facilities, with 15% of funds specifically earmarked for recreational boating access. Through this collaborative framework involving government, industry and citizens, aquatic resources are significantly enhanced, ensuring that anglers and boaters nationwide continue to enjoy high-quality outdoor recreational opportunities.

WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREAS AND FORESTS

District 1 (304) 825-6787

1. Bear Rock Lakes
2. Burches Run
3. Castlemans Run Lake
4. Cecil H. Underwood
5. Center Branch
6. Cheat Canyon
7. Cross Creek
8. Dents Run
9. Dunkard Fork
10. Fairfax Pond-Rehe
11. Hillcrest
12. Lantz Farm and Nature Preserve
13. Lewis Wetzel
14. Little Canaan
15. Little Indian Creek
16. Pedlar
17. Pleasant Creek
18. Pruntytown State Farm
19. Snake Hill
20. Teter Creek
21. Upper Deckers Creek

District 2 (304) 822-3551

22. Allegheny
23. Edwards Run
24. Fort Mill Ridge
25. Lost River
26. Nathaniel Mountain
27. Shannondale Springs
28. Short Mountain
29. Sideling Hill
30. Sleepy Creek
31. South Branch
32. Thorn Creek
33. Warden Lake
34. White Horse Mountain
35. Widmeyer

District 3 (304) 924-6211

36. Becky Creek
37. Big Ditch
38. Burnsville Lake
39. Elk River
40. Handley
41. Huttonsville
42. Slatyfork
43. Smoke Camp
44. Stonecoal Lake
45. Stonewall Jackson Lake
46. Summersville Lake
47. Valley Bend

District 4 (304) 256-6947

48. Anawalt Lake
49. Beury Mountain
50. Bluestone Lake
51. Daniels Ridge
52. Horse Creek Lake
53. Meadow River
54. Moncove Lake
55. Panther
56. Plum Orchard Lake
57. R.D. Bailey Lake
58. Tate Lohr
59. Tug Fork

District 5 (304) 756-1023

60. Amherst/Plymouth
61. Beech Fork Lake
62. Big South
63. Big Ugly
64. Bright McCausland Homestead
65. Chief Cornstalk
66. Chief Logan
67. East Lynn Lake
68. Green Bottom
69. Hilbert
70. Laurel Lake
71. Little Coal River
72. McClintic
73. Mill Creek
74. Tomblin
75. Upper Mud River

District 6 (304) 420-4550

76. Buffalo Run
77. Burning Springs
78. Conaway Run Lake
79. Elk Fork Lake
80. Federal Ridge
81. Frozen Camp
82. Hughes River
83. Little Kanawha River
84. Lynn Camp
85. O'Brien Lake
86. Ritchie Mines
87. Rollins Lake
88. Sand Hill
89. Sandy Creek
90. Stumptown
91. The Jug
92. Toll Gate
93. Turkey Run
94. Walker Creek
95. Wallback
96. Woodrum Lake

State Forests (304) 558-2764

- A. Cabwaylingo
- B. Calvin Price
- C. Camp Creek
- D. Coopers Rock
- E. Greenbrier
- F. Kanawha
- G. Kumbrabow
- H. Seneca

National Forests

Monongahela WMAs

- I. Beaver Dam
- J. Blackwater
- K. Cheat
- M. Cranberry
- N. Little River
- O. Neola
- P. Otter Creek
- Q. Potomac
- S. Rimel
- U. Tea Creek

George Washington WMAs

- L. Cove Creek
- T. Shenandoah
- V. Wardensville

Jefferson WMAs

- R. Potts Creek

